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Bioinformatics

Common Tools & Tricks of the Trade



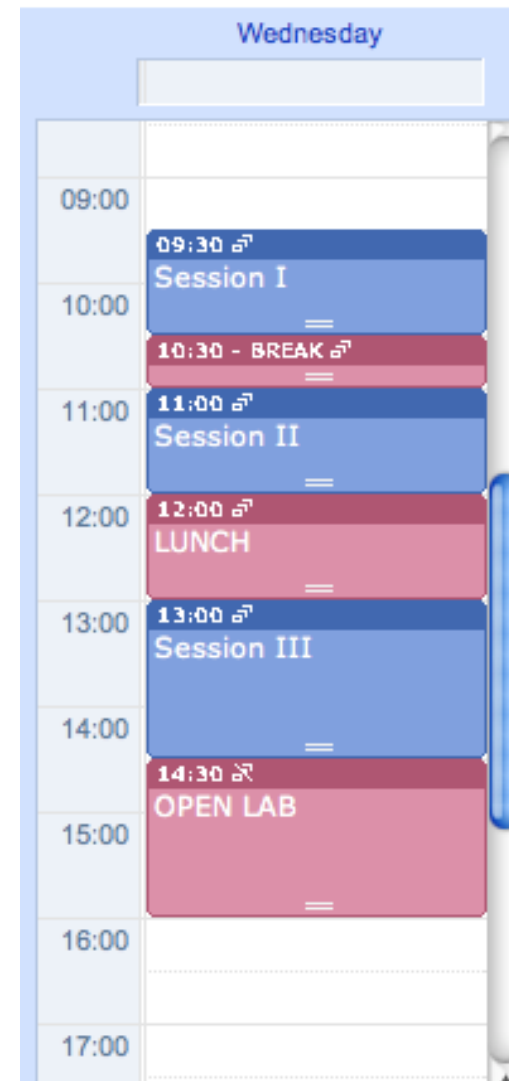
Welcome to Day 3
bioteach.ubc.ca/bioinfo2009

Workshop Schedule

- Laptops, available here for your use 9am - 4:30pm
- wireless login

mslguest

4myguest





Today's Topics

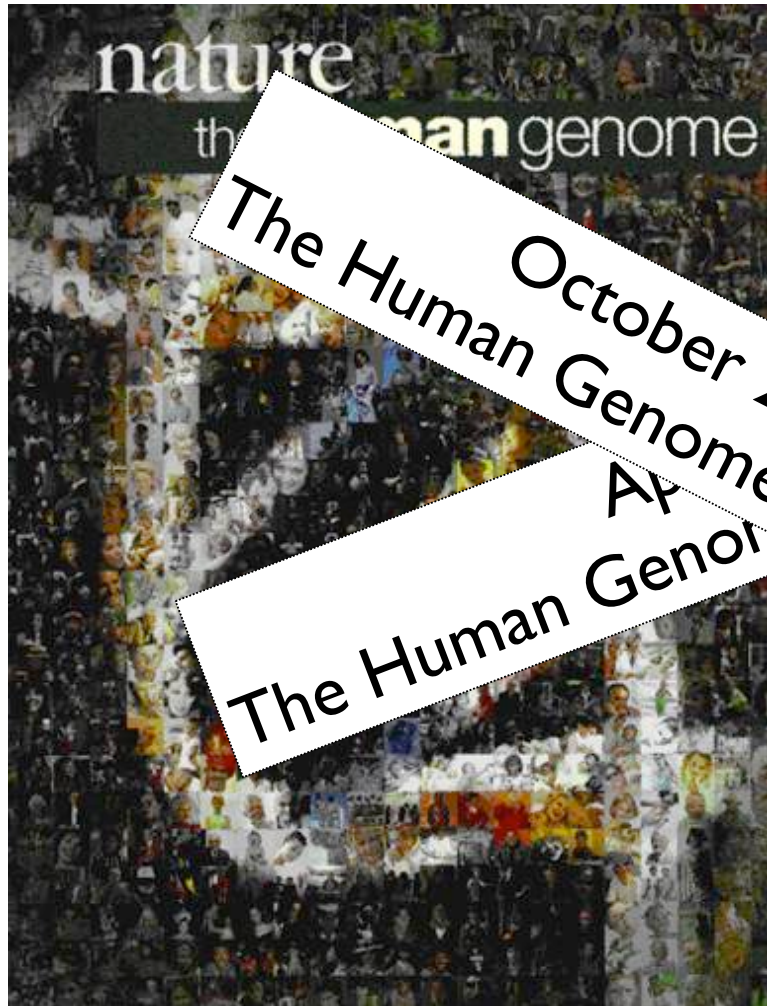
- **Genome Browsers**, Accessing Genome Annotations.
- **PRACTICAL EXERCISES**, three different views of the BRCA1 gene
- **Discovering GEO**, the Gene Expression Omnibus.
- **Pathway Resources** for Systems Biology
- **Bioinformatics Links Directory**, Conducting Research on the Web

Genome Browsers

Accessing Genome Annotations &
PRACTICAL EXERCISE: Three Different
Views of the BRCA1 Gene



The Human Genome Project



October 2004 - present:
The Human Genome is now really finished!

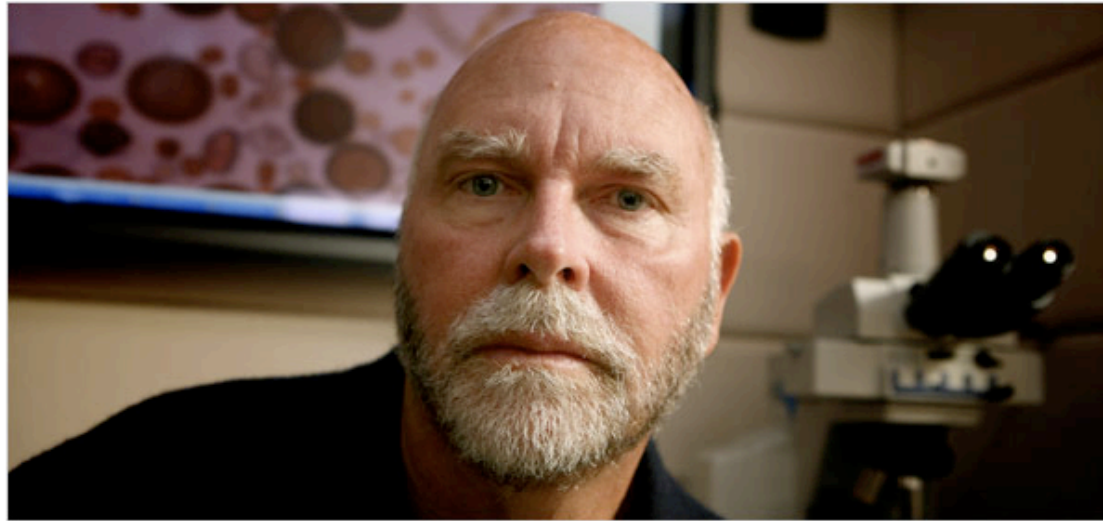


Public HGP

Celera Genomics

February 2001: Completion of the Draft Human Genome

In the Genome Race, the Sequel Is Personal



Thor Swift for The New York Times

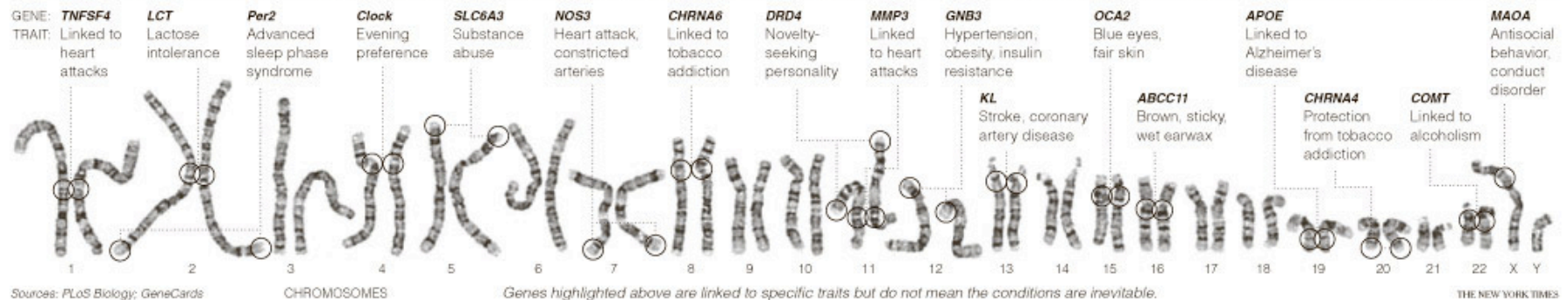
A team led by J. Craig Venter, above, has finished the first mapping of a full, or diploid, genome, made up of DNA inherited from both parents. The genome is Dr. Venter's own.

PHOTOGRAPH BY

The New York Times

September 3, 2007

DECODING HIMSELF A team led by J. Craig Venter, above, has finished the first mapping of a full, or diploid, genome, made up of DNA inherited from both parents. The genome is Dr. Venter's own.





maps.google.ca

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Google [Web](#) [Images](#) [Groups](#) [News](#) [Maps](#) [Scholar](#) [more »](#)

coffee 2185 East Mall, Vancouver, BC Search Businesses

[Search the map](#) [Find businesses](#) [Get directions](#)

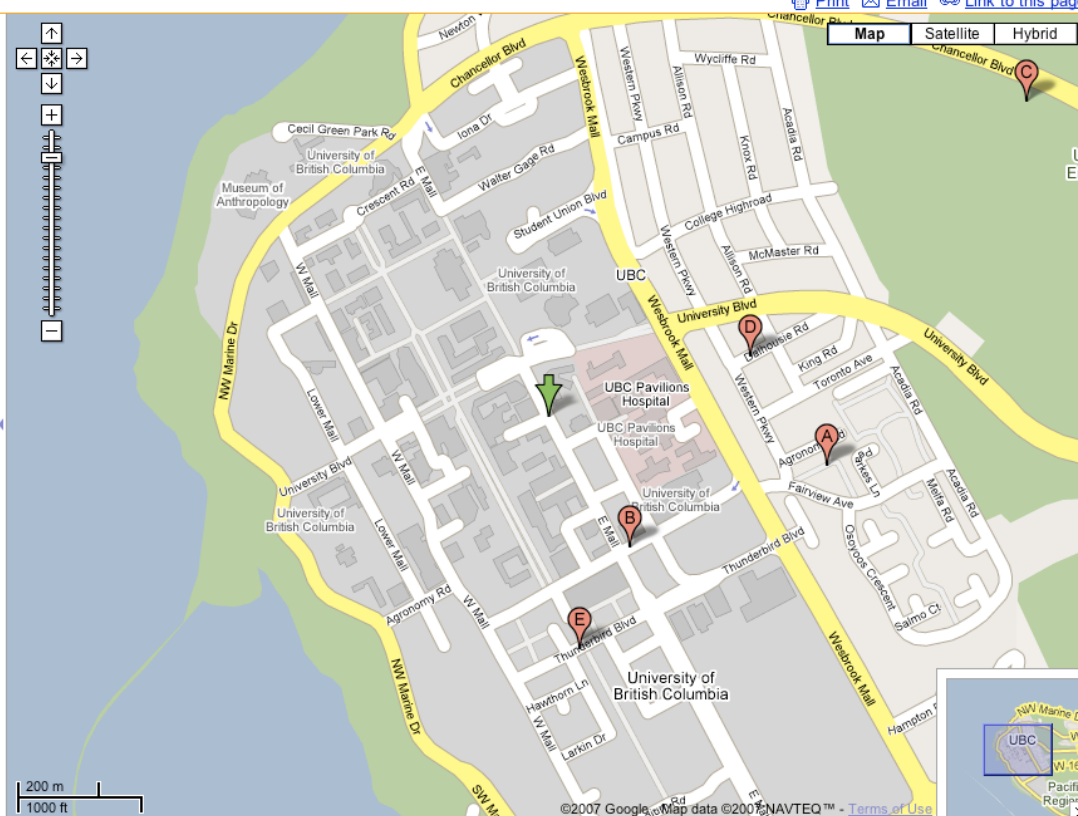
Search Results My Maps

[Text View](#) [Map View](#)

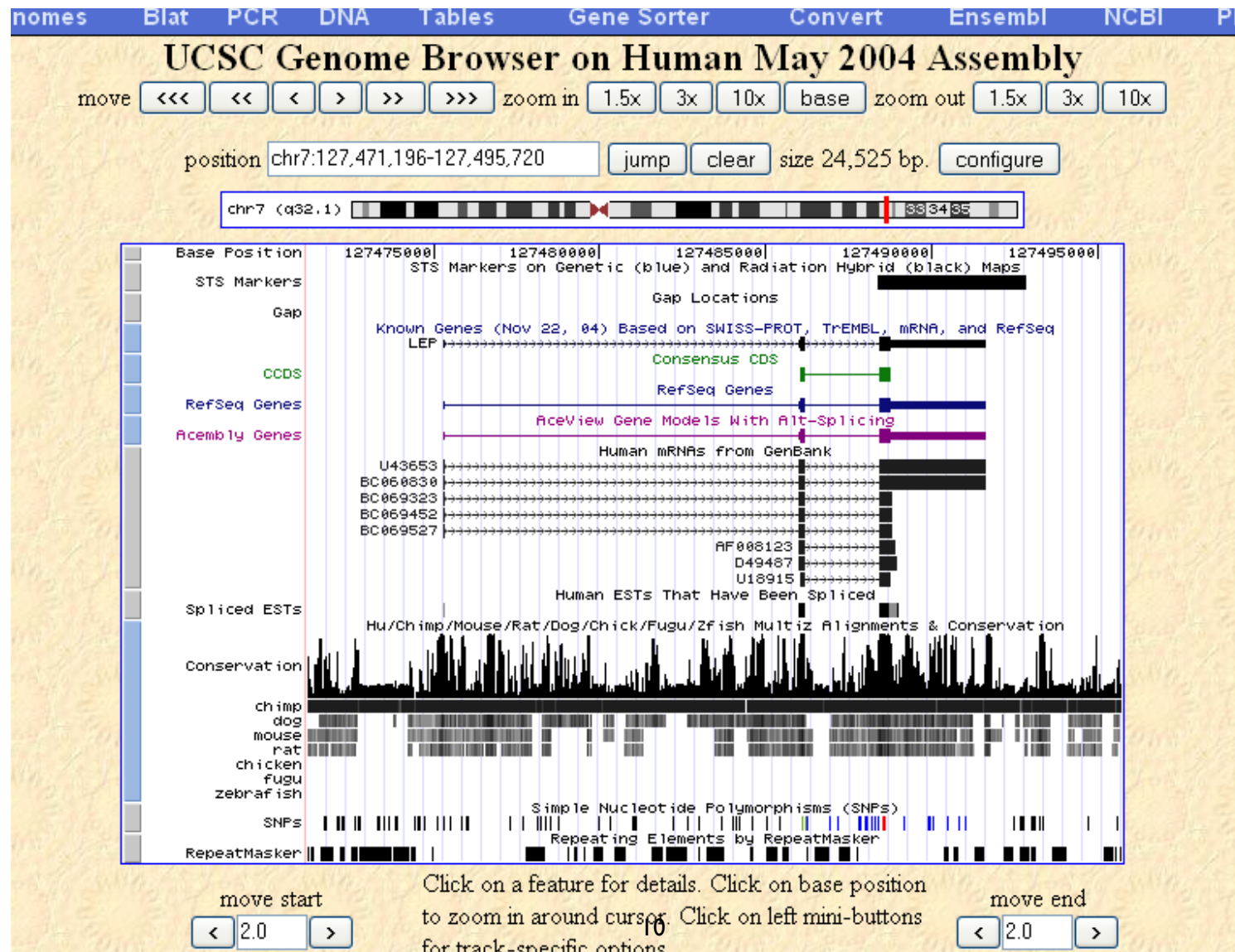
Results 1-10 of about 6,156 for **coffee** near 2185 E Mall, UBC, BC V6T - [Modify search](#)

Categories: [Coffee Retail](#), [Coffee Houses](#)

- A** [Original Beanery The](#) - [more info »](#)
2706 Fairview Crescent, Vancouver, BC V6T 2B9
(604) 224-2326 - 0.7 km E
Category: Coffee Houses
- B** [Starbucks Coffee Co](#) - [more info »](#)
6190 Agronomy Road, Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z3
(604) 221-6434 - 0.4 km SE
- C** [Blue Chip Cookies](#) - [more info »](#)
6138 Sub Boulevard, Vancouver, BC V6T 2A5
(604) 822-6999 - 1.4 km NE
Category: Coffee Houses
- D** [Starbucks Coffee Co](#) - [more info »](#)
5761 Dalhousie Road, Vancouver, BC V6T 2H9
(604) 221-0200 - 0.5 km E
- E** [Salt Spring Coffee](#) - [more info »](#)
6308 Thunderbird Blvd, Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z4
(604) 221-6400 - 0.6 km S
- F** [Starbucks Coffee Co](#) - [more info »](#)
4580 10th Avenue West, Vancouver, BC V6R 2J1
(604) 222-1456 - 2.8 km E
- G** [European Crepe Cafe](#) - [more info »](#)
4544 West 10th Avenue, Vancouver, BC V6R 2J1
(604) 221-4240 - 2.8 km E



Let's Look at the Human Genome...



Objectives

- By the end of this module:
 - ✓ You will be able to describe the following concepts: genome annotation, genome builds, and genome browsers.
 - ✓ You will view the genomic location that contains the BRCA1 gene in the human genome using three different genome browsers.
 - ✓ You will be able to compare and contrast the UCSC, Ensembl and MapViewer systems for visualizing genome information.

Genome Browsers

- What is a Genome Browser?
 - System for displaying, viewing, and accessing genome annotation data
- Genome annotations = knowledge attached to raw genome sequence.
 - Annotation information comes from many different sources
 - ✓ Computational pipelines
 - ✓ Research groups
 - ✓ Databases

The “Neopolitan Ice Cream” World of Genome Browsing:

- UCSC Genome Browser
<http://genome.cse.ucsc.edu/>

- Ensembl
<http://www.ensembl.org/>

- NCBI Map Viewer
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mapview/>



The underlying data is
common for all three
“flavors” of Genome
Browsers.

- NCBI, UCSC and Ensembl use the same human genome assembly that is generated by NCBI
 - ─ release timing is different between sites.
- Note the version of genome assembly to which you are referring
 - ─ available precomputed info and locations of features will be different between different assemblies.

Let's compare the view of
the BRCA1 gene in all
three genome browsers.

Viewing the genomic region containing BRCA1

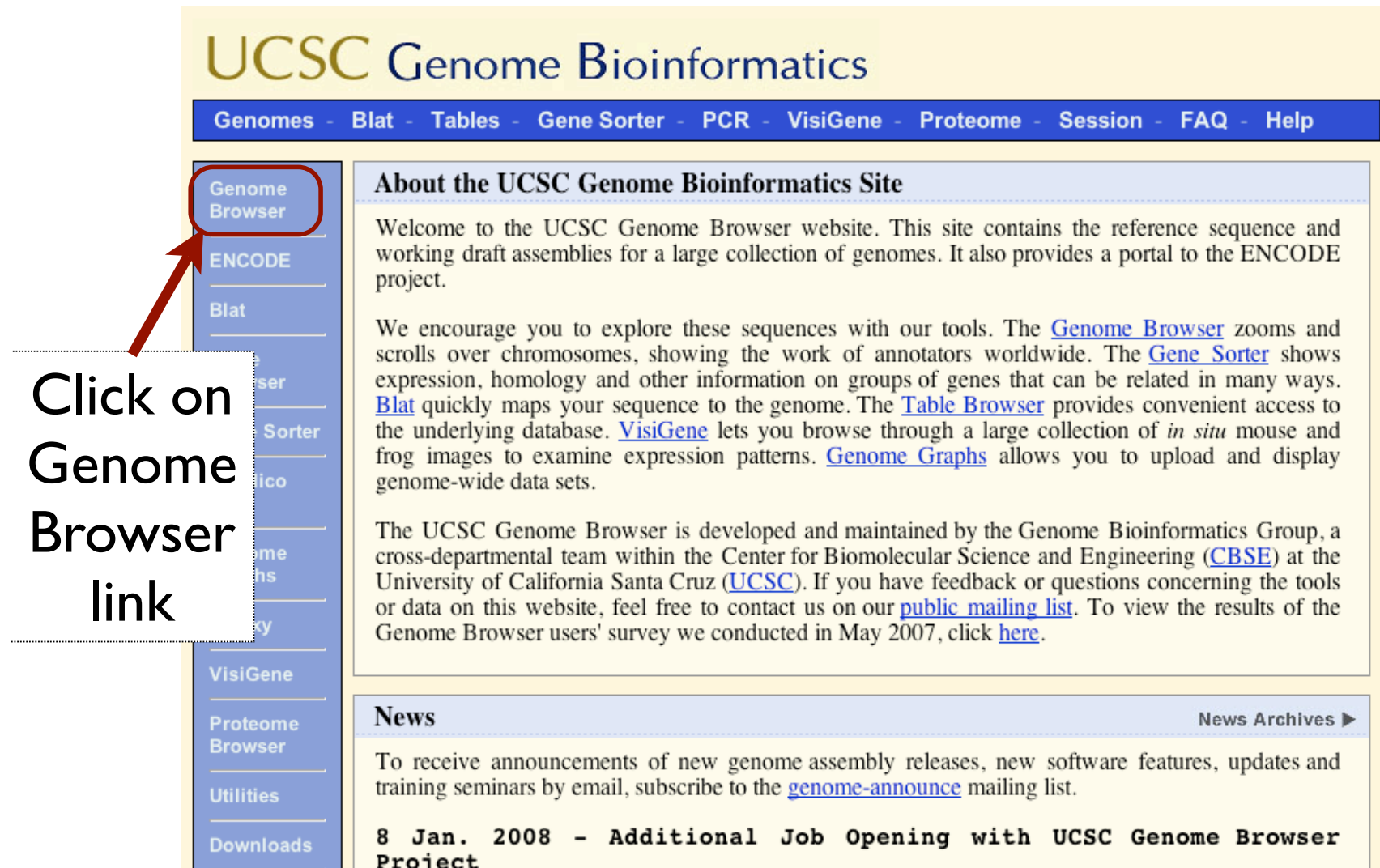
- Common features:

- ✓ Coordinate system is based on the build
- ✓ Zoom in and out
- ✓ Annotations displayed – ie. Gene features

- Major Differences:

- ✓ Each Browser has a very different look and feel
- ✓ Annotation information displayed differently
- ✓ Different ways to navigate through the information

<http://genome.cse.ucsc.edu/>



The image shows a screenshot of the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics website. A red arrow points from a callout box to the 'Genome Browser' link in the left sidebar. The callout box contains the text 'Click on Genome Browser link'. The website header includes the title 'UCSC Genome Bioinformatics' and a navigation bar with links: Genomes, Blat, Tables, Gene Sorter, PCR, VisiGene, Proteome, Session, FAQ, and Help. The main content area is titled 'About the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Site' and contains a welcome message, a list of tools, and information about the development team. A 'News' section at the bottom features a link to 'genome-announce' and a recent announcement from January 2008.

Click on Genome Browser link

UCSC Genome Bioinformatics

Genomes - Blat - Tables - Gene Sorter - PCR - VisiGene - Proteome - Session - FAQ - Help

Genome Browser

ENCODE

Blat

Gene Sorter

Table Browser

VisiGene

Proteome Browser

Utilities

Downloads

About the UCSC Genome Bioinformatics Site

Welcome to the UCSC Genome Browser website. This site contains the reference sequence and working draft assemblies for a large collection of genomes. It also provides a portal to the ENCODE project.

We encourage you to explore these sequences with our tools. The [Genome Browser](#) zooms and scrolls over chromosomes, showing the work of annotators worldwide. The [Gene Sorter](#) shows expression, homology and other information on groups of genes that can be related in many ways. [Blat](#) quickly maps your sequence to the genome. The [Table Browser](#) provides convenient access to the underlying database. [VisiGene](#) lets you browse through a large collection of *in situ* mouse and frog images to examine expression patterns. [Genome Graphs](#) allows you to upload and display genome-wide data sets.

The UCSC Genome Browser is developed and maintained by the Genome Bioinformatics Group, a cross-departmental team within the Center for Biomolecular Science and Engineering ([CBSE](#)) at the University of California Santa Cruz ([UCSC](#)). If you have feedback or questions concerning the tools or data on this website, feel free to contact us on our [public mailing list](#). To view the results of the Genome Browser users' survey we conducted in May 2007, click [here](#).

News

[News Archives](#) ►

To receive announcements of new genome assembly releases, new software features, updates and training seminars by email, subscribe to the [genome-announce](#) mailing list.

8 Jan. 2008 - Additional Job Opening with UCSC Genome Browser Project

[Home](#)
[Genomes](#)
[Blat](#)
[Tables](#)
[Gene Sorter](#)
[PCR](#)
[FAQ](#)
[Help](#)

Human (*Homo sapiens*) Genome Browser Gateway

The UCSC Genome Browser was created by the [Genome Bioinformatics Group of UC Santa Cruz](#).
Software Copyright (c) The Regents of the University of California. All rights reserved.

clade

Vertebrate

genome

Human

assembly

May 2004

position or search term

BRCA1

image width

620

submit

[Click here to reset](#) the browser user interface settings to their defaults.
[add your own custom tracks](#)
[configure tracks and display](#)
[clear position](#)

About the Human May 2004 (hg17) assembly ([sequences](#))

The May 2004 human reference sequence is based on NCBI Build 35 and was produced by the International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium.

Sample position queries

A genome position can be specified by the accession number of a sequenced genomic clone, an mRNA or EST or STS marker, a chromosomal coordinate range, or keywords from the GenBank description of an mRNA. The following list shows examples of queries to the human genome. See the [User's Guide](#) for more information.

Request:	Genome Browser Response:
chr7	Displays all of chromosome 7
20p13	Displays region for band p13 on chr 20
chr3:1-1000000	Displays first million bases of chr 3, counting from p arm telomere
D16S3046	Displays region around STS marker D16S3046 from the Genethon/Marshfield maps. Includes 100,000 bases on each side as well.
RH18061;RH80175	Displays region between STS markers RH18061;RH80175. Includes 100,000 bases on each side as well.
AA205474	Displays region of EST with GenBank accession AA205474 in BRCA1 cancer gene on chr 17
AC008101	Displays region of clone with GenBank accession AC008101
AF083811	Displays region of mRNA with GenBank accession number AF083811
PRNP	Displays region of genome with HUGO Gene Nomenclature Committee identifier PRNP
NM_017414	Displays the region of genome with RefSeq identifier NM_017414
NP_059110	Displays the region of genome with protein accession number NP_059110
pseudogene mRNA	Lists transcribed pseudogenes, but not cDNAs
human-mouse	Lists cDNAs from mouse that have human homologs

Search for
BRCA1;
Note sample
queries

Known Genes

BRCA1 (NM 007305) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007304) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007303) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007302) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007301) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007300) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007299) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007298) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007297) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform
BRCA1 (NM 007295) at chr17:38449840-38530994 - breast cancer 1, early onset isoform

✓ All located on chr 17

✓ same chr coordinates

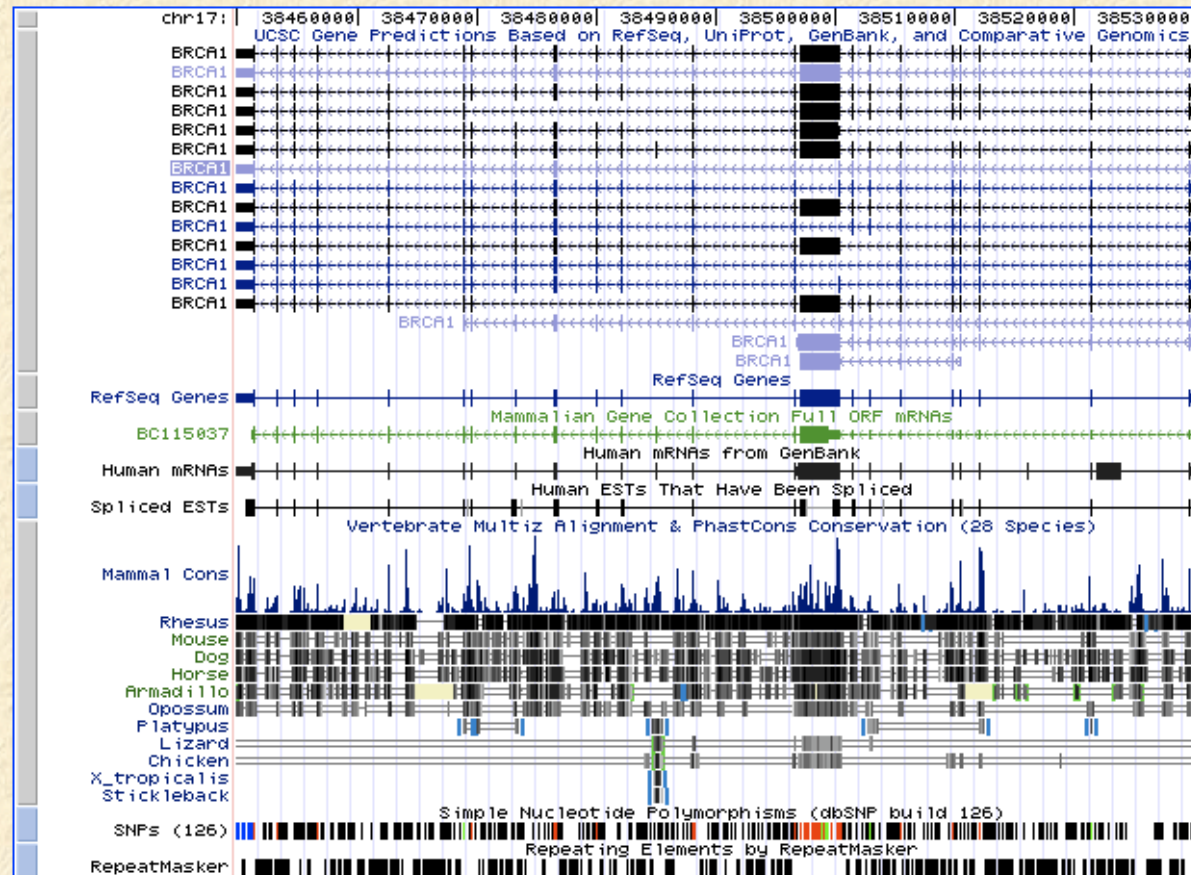
✓ different gene structures

UCSC Genome Browser on Human Mar. 2006 Assembly

move <<< << < > >> >>> zoom in 1.5x 3x 10x base zoom out 1.5x 3x 10x

position/search chr17:38,449,840-38,530,994 jump clear size 81,155 bp. configure

chr17 (q21.31) p12 p11.2 11.2 17q12 17q22 q25.3



move start

< 2.0 >

Click on a feature for details. Click on base position to zoom in around cursor. Click gray/blue bars on left for track options and descriptions.

move end

< 2.0 >

default tracks

hide all

add custom tracks

configure

refresh

Use drop-down controls below and press refresh to alter tracks displayed.

Tasks

- What genes are on either side of BRCA1 on chr 17?
- Can you figure out how to download the genomic sequence for the BRCA1 region?
- Can you figure the display to add/remove tracks that are (or are not) of interest to you?

The screenshot displays the UCSC Genome Browser interface for the Human May 2004 Assembly. The top navigation bar includes links: Home, Genomes, Blat, Tables, Gene Sorter, PCR, DNA, Convert, Ensembl, NCBI, PDF/PS, and Help. The main title is "UCSC Genome Browser on Human May 2004 Assembly". Below the title, there are search and zoom controls. The search bar shows the position "38,423,783-38,543,782". The zoom controls include buttons for "zoom in" (1.5x, 3x, 10x) and "zoom out" (1.5x, 3x, 10x). A red arrow points to the "DNA" link in the top navigation bar, and another red arrow points to the "zoom in" button. The main content area shows a genomic track view for chromosome 17 (q21.31). The track includes a "Base Position" scale from 38,450,000 to 38,500,000. The track displays various genomic features, including "UCSC Known Genes (June, 05) Based on UniProt, RefSeq, and GenBank mRNA". The BRCA1 gene is highlighted in blue. The track also shows "Gap Locations" and "Gap" regions. The bottom of the track view includes a legend for "VAT1" and "RND2" features.

[Home](#)
[Genomes](#)
[Genome Browser](#)
[Blat](#)
[Tables](#)
[Gene Sorter](#)
[PCR](#)
[FAQ](#)
[Help](#)

Get DNA in Window

Get DNA for

Position

Note: if you would prefer to get DNA for features of a particular track or table, try the [Table Browser](#) using the output format sequence.

Sequence Retrieval Region Options:

Add extra bases upstream (5') and extra downstream (3')

Note: if a feature is close to the beginning or end of a chromosome and upstream/downstream bases are added, they may be truncated in order to avoid extending past the edge of the chromosome.

Sequence Formatting Options:

☒ All upper case.
☐ All lower case.
☐ Mask repeats: ☒ to lower case ☐ to N
☐ Reverse complement (get '-' strand sequence)

Note: The "Mask repeats" option applies only to "get DNA", not to "extended case/color options".

collapse all Use drop-down controls below and press refresh to alter tracks displayed.
Tracks with lots of items will automatically be displayed in more compact modes. expand all

-

Mapping and Sequencing Tracks

refresh

Base Position

dense

Chromosome Band

hide

STS Markers

hide

FISH Clones

hide

Recomb Rate

hide

Map Contigs

hide

Assembly

hide

Gap

hide

Coverage

hide

BAC End Pairs

hide

Fosmid End Pairs

hide

GC Percent

hide

Short Match

hide

Restr Enzymes

hide

+

Phenotype and Disease Associations

refresh

-

Genes and Gene Prediction Tracks

refresh

UCSC Genes

pack

Old UCSC Genes

hide

Alt Events

hide

CCDS

hide

RefSeq Genes

dense

Other RefSeq

hide

MGC Genes

pack

ORFeome Clones

hide

TransMap...

hide

Vega Genes

hide

Ensembl Genes

hide

AceView Genes

hide

SIB Genes

hide

N-SCAN

hide

CONTRAST

hide

SGP Genes

hide

Exoniphy

hide

Augustus

hide

RNA Genes

hide

ACEScan

hide

Pos Sel Genes

hide

+

mRNA and EST Tracks

refresh

+

Expression

refresh

+

Regulation

refresh

+

Comparative Genomics

refresh

+

Variation and Repeats

refresh


+

Pilot ENCODE Regions and Genes

refresh

Drop down controls
configure the data shown
in the image above

<http://www.ensembl.org/>


Home

Login / Register | BLAST/BLAT | BioMart | Docs & FAQs

Search Ensembl

Search: for


e.g. human gene BRCA2 or rat X:100000..200000 or insulin


Browse a Genome


The Ensembl project produces genome databases for vertebrates and other eukaryotic species, and makes this information freely available online.

Click on a link below to go to the species' home page.

Popular genomes [\(Log in to customize this list\)](#)

**Human**
NCBI36

**Mouse**
NCBIM37







**Zebrafish**
ZFISH7

All genomes


-- Select a species --

New to Ensembl?

Did you know you can:

-  [Add custom tracks](#)
using our new Control Panel
-  [Upload your own data](#)
and save it to your Ensembl account
-  [Search for a DNA or protein sequence](#)
using BLAST or BLAT
-  [Fetch only the data you want](#)
from our public databases
-  [Download data](#)
in FASTA, MySQL and other formats
-  [Mine Ensembl with BioMart](#)
and export sequences or tables in text, html, or Excel format

Still got questions? [Try our FAQs](#)

**The new Ensembl website**
We've made some changes to our site, to make it faster and easier to use.
[Find out more about what we've changed and why!](#)

What's New in Release 52 (9 December 2008)

- [Homo sapiens core database](#) (Human)
- [Gorilla 2x assembly and genebuild](#) (Gorilla)

Click on Human

e!Ensembl
Home > Human

Location: 6:131,533,782-131,677,240 Gene: AKAP7 Transcript: AKAP7-001

Login / Register | BLAST/BLAT | BioMart | Docs & FAQs

Chromosome 6: 131,533,782-131,677,240

Assembly exceptions
chromosome 6

Assembly exceptions
α_COX
α_QBL

« Region overview **Region in detail** »

1.00 Mb Forward strand

131.20 Mb 131.50 Mb 131.80 Mb

Cortigs

Ensembl/Havana gene

EPB41L2 RP1-209B5.2 AKAP7 RP11-123H21.1 ARG1 AC CRSP3 OR ENPP3

131.20 Mb 131.50 Mb 131.80 Mb

Use the left-hand menus to navigate, export data and customise the page

Jump from gene to location using tabs

Search Ensembl, EBI or Sanger Institute

Click and drag the mouse to recentre the display

About this species

Description

- [-] Genome Statistics
 - [-] Assembly and Genebuild
 - [-] Top 40 InterPro hits
 - [-] Top 500 InterPro hits
- [-] What's New
- [-] Sample entry points
 - [-] Karyotype
 - [-] Location (AL032821.2)
 - [-] Gene (BRCA2)
 - [-] Transcript (FOXP2-203)

- Configure this page
- Add custom data to page
- Export data
- Bookmark this page

Search Ensembl Human

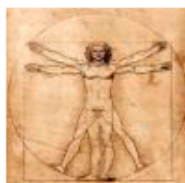
Search for:

e.g. gene **BRCA2** or **AL032821.2.1.143563** or muscular dystrophy

Description

[Assembly and Genebuild >](#)

Assembly



This release is based on the NCBI 36 assembly of the [human genome](#) [November 2005]. The data consists of a reference assembly of the complete genome plus the Celera WGS and a number of alternative assemblies of individual haplotypic chromosomes or regions. [Full list of assemblies](#) →

The International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium have published their scientific analysis of the finished human genome.

- [Nature 431, 931 - 945 \(21 October 2004\)](#)
- [WT Sanger Institute Press Release](#)

Annotation

Since release 38 (April 2006) the gene annotation presented has been a combined Ensembl-[Havana](#), geneset which incorporates more than 18,000 full-length protein-coding transcripts annotated by the Havana team with the Ensembl automatic gene build. The human genome sequence is now considered sufficiently stable that since 2004 the major genome browsers have come together to produce a common set of identifiers where CDS annotations of transcripts can be agreed and these identifiers are also shown.

- More information about the [CCDS project](#).

The [ENCODE](#) (ENCyclopedia Of DNA Elements) project aims to find functional elements in the human genome.

- More information about the [ENCODE resources](#) at Ensembl.



Additional manual annotation of this genome can be found in [Vega](#)

Search Ensembl

- Feature type (22)
 - Domain (3)
 - Homo sapiens (3)
 - Gene (18)
 - Homo sapiens (18)
 - Marker (1)
 - Homo sapiens (1)
- Species (1)
 - Homo sapiens (22)
 - Domain (3)
 - Gene (18)
 - Marker (1)

- Configure this page
- Add custom data to page
- Export data
- Bookmark this page

Ensembl text search

brca1 corporate/tree:"Top/Species/Homo sapiens" corp

Your query matched 22 entries in the search database. Viewing hits 1-10

[1](#) [2](#) [3](#)

Ensembl Marker: **BRCA1**

A marker with 2 synonyms (262743 **BRCA1**)

Source: e52; **Feature type:** Marker; **Species:** Homo sapiens; **Marker:**

Ensembl protein_coding Gene: **ENSG00000012048 (HGNC (automatic): BRCA1)** [\[Region in detail\]](#)

Ensembl protein_coding gene ENSG00000012048 has 10 transcripts: ENST00000309486, ENST00000346315, ENST00000351666, ENST00000352993, ENST00000353540, ENST00000354071, ENST00000357654, ENST00000393680, ENST00000393683, ENST00000393691, associated peptides: ENSP00000013772, ENSP000000246907, ENSP000000310938, ENSP000000312236, ENSP000000326002, ENSP000000338007, ENSP000000350283, ENSP000000377285, ENSP000000377288, ENSP000000377294 and 35 exons: ENSE000000371140, ENSE000000729436, ENSE000000865492, ENSE000000865496, ENSE000000865503, ENSE000000865520, ENSE000000865521, ENSE000000865524, ENSE000000865528, ENSE000000865546, ENSE000000865551, ENSE000000865553, ENSE000000865557, ENSE000000865565, ENSE0000001297284, ENSE0000001312675, ENSE0000001360157, ENSE0000001360198, ENSE0000001360203, ENSE0000001360315, ENSE0000001368002, ENSE0000001383775, ENSE0000001383927, ENSE0000001473234, ENSE0000001473237, ENSE0000001473240, ENSE0000001473241, ENSE0000001473245, ENSE0000001516235, ENSE0000001516237, ENSE0000001516259, ENSE0000001577499,

Click on
ENSG00000012048

ptibility protein (RING finger protein 53) [Source:UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot;Acc:P38398]
external identifiers mapped to it:

Anyimx Microarray Focus: 204531_s_at
Affymx Microarray HCG110: 1993_s_at, 604_at
Affymx Microarray HuGeneFL: L78833_cds1_at, U64805_s_at
Affymx Microarray Human Exon 1.0 ST v2: 3722383, 3482826, 3800710, 2324530, 3722373, 3722386, 3722372, 3722385, 3722425, 3679671, 3282866
Affymx Microarray U133: 211851_x_at, g6552300_3p_a_at, g2218153_3p_a_at, 204531_s_at
Affymx Microarray U95: 1993_s_at, 604_at, 33724_at
Agilent CGH: A_14_P133777, A_14_P135846, A_14_P139703
Agilent Probe: A_32_P180603, A_32_P405851, A_23_P207400
CCDS: CCDS11458, CCDS11454, CCDS11457.1, CCDS11455.1, CCDS11459.1, CCDS11453, CCDS11458.1,

e!Ensembl Home > Human Login / Register | BLAST/BLAT | BioMart | Docs & FAQs

Location: 17:38,449,840-38,530,994 Gene: BRCA1

Gene: BRCA1

Gene summary

Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein (RING finger protein 53) Source: UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot P38398

Location: **Chromosome 17: 38,449,840-38,530,994 reverse strand.**

Transcripts: There are 10 transcripts in this gene: **hide transcripts**

BRCA1-201	ENST00000309486	ENSP00000310938	protein_coding
BRCA1-202	ENST00000346315	ENSP000003246907	protein_coding
BRCA1-203	ENST00000351666	ENSP00000338007	protein_coding
BRCA1-204	ENST00000352993	ENSP000003312236	protein_coding
BRCA1-205	ENST00000353540	ENSP00000313772	protein_coding
BRCA1-206	ENST00000354071	ENSP00000326002	protein_coding
BRCA1-207	ENST00000357654	ENSP00000330283	protein_coding
BRCA1-208	ENST00000358680	ENSP000003	protein_coding
BRCA1-209	ENST00000393688	ENSP000003	protein_coding
BRCA1-210	ENST00000393691	ENSP000003	protein_coding

Gene summary [help](#)

[BRCA1](#) (HGNC (automatic))

BRCC1, RNF53 [To view all Ensembl genes linked to the name [click here.](#)]

This gene is a member of the Human CCDS set: [CCDS11453](#), [CCDS11454](#), [CCDS11455](#), [CCDS11456](#), [CCDS11457](#), [CCDS11458](#), [CCDS11459](#)

Known protein coding

Transcripts were annotated by the Ensembl [genebuild](#).

Transcripts

Ensembl/Havana gene

101.16 Kb

Forward strand

38.44 Mb 38.46 Mb 38.48 Mb 38.50 Mb 38.52 Mb 38.54 Mb

NBR2-201

Known prot

Gene Summary shows you information about the gene

click here to view genomic location

Tasks

- Explore the information presented in the Gene Summary views.
 - Can you figure out how to visualize the alternatively spliced isoforms for BRCA1?
 - What can you find out about known variations in this gene?
- Using the Location Based Displays, can you figure out how to download the genomic sequence for the BRCA1 region?

- Gene: BRCA1**
- Gene summary
 - Splice variants (10)**
 - Supporting evidence
 - Sequence
 - External references (15)
 - Regulation
 - Comparative Genomics
 - Genomic alignments (3)
 - Gene Tree
 - Gene Tree (text)
 - Gene Tree (alignment)
 - Orthologues (28)
 - Paralogues (0)
 - Protein families (1)
 - Genetic Variation
 - Variation Table
 - Variation Image
 - External Data
 - ID History
 - Gene history

- Configure this page
- Add custom data to page
- Export data
- Bookmark this page

Gene: BRCA1 (ENSG00000012048)

Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein (RING finger protein 53) [Source: UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot P](#)

Location [Chromosome 17: 38,440,840-38,530,994 reverse strand.](#)

Transcripts There are 10 transcripts in this gene: [hide transcripts](#)

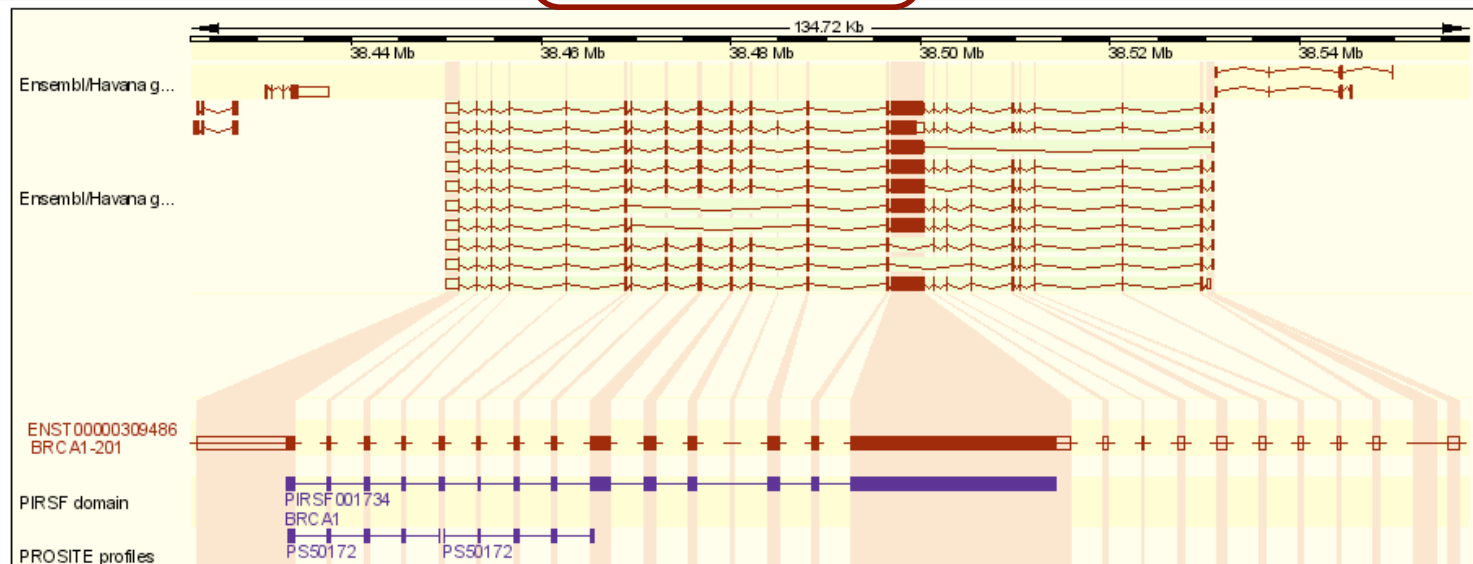
BRCA1-201	ENST00000309486	ENSP00000310938	
BRCA1-202	ENST00000346315	ENSP00000246907	
BRCA1-203	ENST00000351666	ENSP00000338007	
BRCA1-204	ENST00000352993	ENSP00000312236	
BRCA1-205	ENST00000353540	ENSP00000013772	
BRCA1-206	ENST00000354071	ENSP00000326002	
BRCA1-207	ENST00000357654	ENSP00000350283	protein_coding
BRCA1-208	ENST00000393680	ENSP00000377288	protein_coding
BRCA1-209	ENST00000393683	ENSP00000377288	protein_coding
BRCA1-210	ENST00000393691	ENSP00000377294	protein_coding

The Splice Variants page shows you information about the transcripts

[« Gene summary](#)

Splice variants [help](#)

[Supporting evidence »](#)



- Gene summary
- Splice variants (10)
- Supporting evidence
- Sequence
- External references (15)
- Regulation
- Comparative Genomics
 - Genomic alignments (3)
 - Gene Tree
 - Gene Tree (text)
 - Gene Tree (alignmen
 - Orthologues (28)
 - Paralogues (0)
 - Protein families (1)
- Genetic Variation
 - Variation Table
 - Variation Image**
- External Data
- ID History
 - Gene history

[Configure this page](#)
[Add custom data to page](#)
[Export data](#)
[Bookmark this page](#)

Gene: BRCA1 (ENSG000000012048)

Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein (RING finger protein 53) [Source: UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot P38398](#)

Location Chromosome 17: 38,449,840-38,530,994 reverse strand.

Transcripts There are 10 transcripts in this gene: [show transcripts](#)

« Variation Table

Variation Image [help](#)

Variation Data; configure display to show more/less details

Location-based displays

- Whole genome
- Chromosome summary
- Region overview
- Region in detail**
- Comparative Genomics
 - Genomic alignments
 - Synteny (10)
- Genetic Variation
 - Resequencing (6)
 - Linkage Data
- Markers

- Configure this page
- Add custom data to page
- Export data
- Bookmark this page

Chromosome 17: 38,449,840-38,530,994

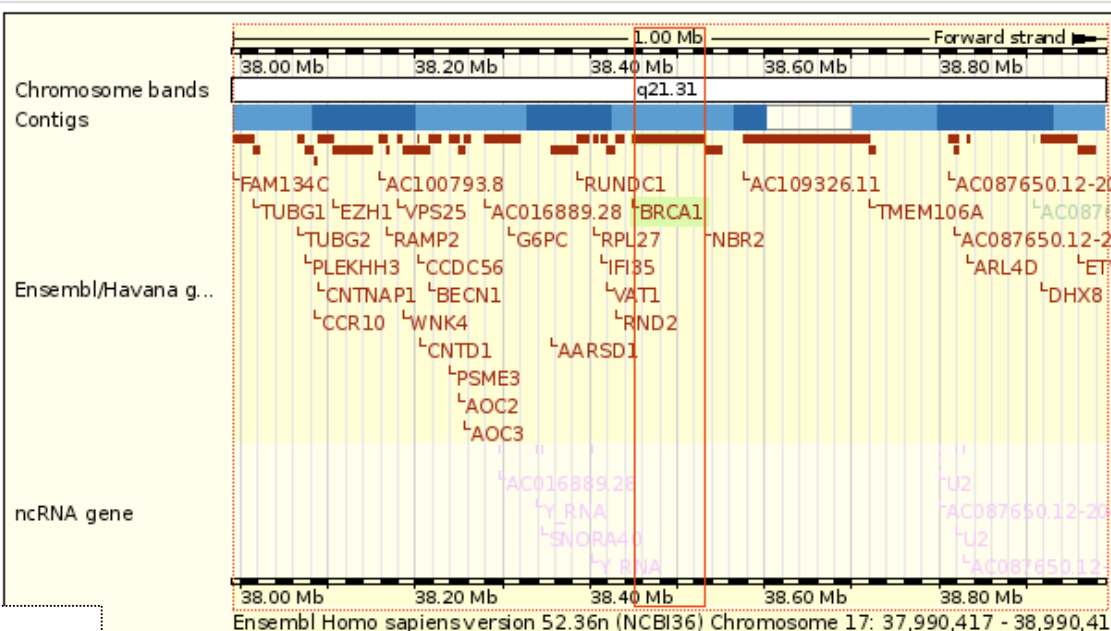
chromosome 17 p12 p11.2 q11.2 q12 q22 q25.3

Export image

Region overview

Region in detail help

Genomic alignments



Export image

Chromosome: 17 : 38449840 - 38530994 Go>

Navigation icons: back, forward, zoom in, zoom out, full screen, print

Export options available on all pages

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mapview/>

NCBI Home GenBank BLAST

Map Viewer Home > Help

The Map Viewer provides a wide variety of genome mapping and sequencing data. [More..](#)

Search

Search: for:

Go

Tools Legend

- Q Search or Browse the Genome
- B BLAST
- Cf Clone Finder
- G Genome Resources page

News

Annotation update released for human genome build 36 Mar 23, 2013
An annotation update for the human genome (NCBI Build 36.3) ... [more](#)
[Show all](#)

Related Resources



- NCBI Home
- NCBI Web Search
- NCBI Site map
- Genome Biology
- Taxonomy
- Entrez (Global Query)
- BLAST
- Map Viewer FTP

Small Genomes

- Bacteria

Scientific name	Common name	Build	Tools
Vertebrates (16)			
Mammals (14)			
Primates (3)			
<i>Homo sapiens</i>	human	Build 36.3 Build 35.1	Q B Cf G
<i>Macaca mulatta</i>	rhesus macaque	Build 1.1	Q B G
<i>Pan troglodytes</i>	chimpanzee	Build 2.1	Q B G
Rodents (2)			
<i>Mus musculus</i>	laboratory mouse	Build 37.1 Build 36.1	Q B Cf G
<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>	rat	RGSC v3.4	Q B G
Monotremes (1)			
Marsupials (1)			
Other Mammals (7)			
Other Vertebrates (2)			
Invertebrates (12)			
Protozoa (18)			
Plants (46)			
Fungi (17)			
<i>Aspergillus clavatus</i>			
<i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i>			
<i>Aspergillus niger</i>			
<i>Candida glabrata</i>		Build 1.1	Q B
<i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i>		Build 2.1	Q B
<i>Debaryomyces hansenii</i>		Build 1.1	Q B
<i>Encephalitozoon cuniculi</i>		Build 1.1	Q B
<i>Eremothecium cossvii</i>		Build 3.1	Q B

Two builds of human;
Note many genomes available



NCBI Map Viewer

PubMed
Nucleotide
Protein
Genome
Gene
Structure
PopSet
Taxonomy
Help

Search for

on chromosome(s)

assembly
All
Find
Advanced Search

Map Viewer

[Map Viewer Home](#)

[Map Viewer Help](#)

[Human Maps Help](#)

[Release Notes](#)

NCBI Resources

[Genome Project](#)

[TaxPlot](#)

[Consensus CoDing Sequence \(CCDS\)](#)

[Human Genome Resources](#)

[NCBI Handbook](#)

[RefSeq](#)

[Whole Genome Association \(WGA\)](#)

Organism Data in GenBank

[EST](#)

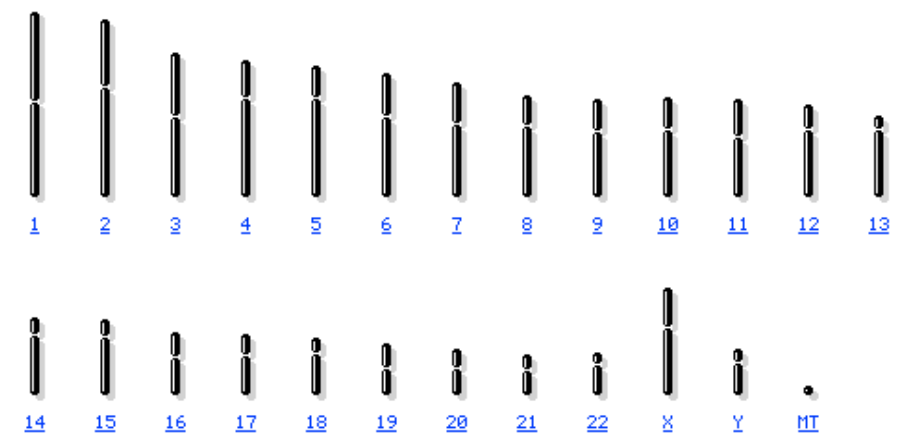
[Genomic](#)

[mRNA](#)

[Protein](#)

Homo sapiens (human) genome view

[Build 36.2 statistics](#) [Switch to previous build](#)



Lineage: [Eukaryota](#); [Metazoa](#); [Chordata](#); [Craniata](#); [Vertebrata](#); [Euteleostomi](#); [Mammalia](#); [Eutheria](#); [Euarchontoglires](#); [Primates](#); [Haplorrhini](#); [Catarrhini](#); [Hominidae](#); [Homo](#); [Homo sapiens](#)

September 2006: NCBI released an annotation update for the human genome (NCBI Build 36.2); this update does not change the genome assembly. The previous version of the genome assembly, [NCBI Build 35.1](#), can still be accessed for Map Viewer display and for BLAST. For additional information about changes, statistics, and the status of the CCDS project please refer to:

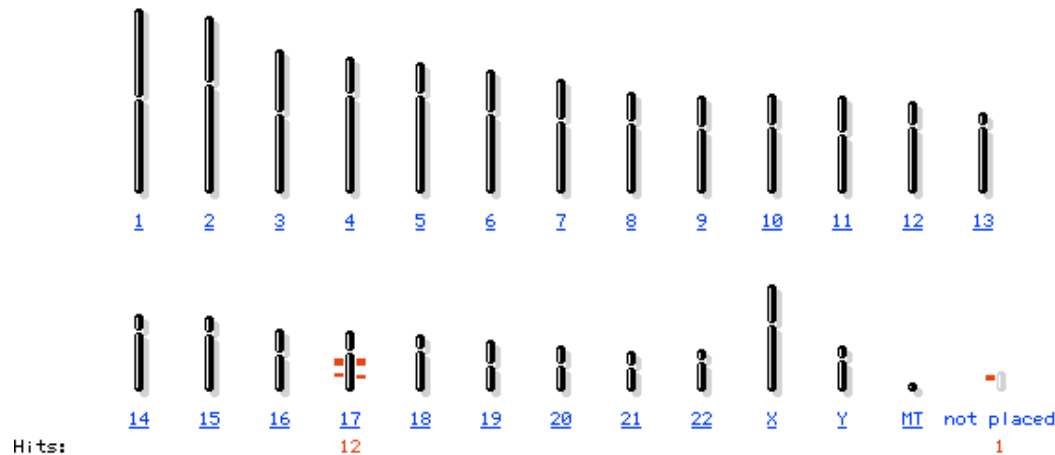
- [Release Notes](#)
- [Statistics](#)
- [CCDS Project](#)

The NCBI Map Viewer provides graphical displays of features on the human genome sequence assembly as well as

[BLAST search the human genome](#)

Homo sapiens (human) genome view

Build 36.2 statistics [Switch to previous build](#)



Search results for query "BRCA1 AND gene[obj_type]": 13 hits

Chr	Assembly	Match	Map element	Type	Maps
17	reference	all matches			
		similar to neighbor of BRCA1 gene 1	LOC728560	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		BRCA1P1 : like BRCA1	BRCA1P1	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		BRCA1 -interacting protein 1	BRIP1	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		neighbor of BRCA1 gene 2	NBR2	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		neighbor of BRCA1 gene 1	NBR1	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		BRCA1 : breast cancer 1, early onset	BRCA1	Gene	Genes cyto Genes seq
		BRCA1 : ENSG00000012048	BRCA1	GENE	ensGenes
17	Celera	all matches			
		BRCA1P1 : like BRCA1	BRCA1P1	GENE	Genes seq
		BRCA1 -interacting protein 1	BRIP1	GENE	Genes seq
		neighbor of BRCA1 gene 2	NBR2	GENE	Genes seq
		neighbor of BRCA1 gene 1	NBR1	GENE	Genes seq
		BRCA1 : breast cancer 1, early onset	BRCA1	GENE	Genes seq
17: not placed	reference	similar to neighbor of BRCA1 gene 1	LOC727732	GENE	Genes seq

Human genome
overview page (Build
36.2)
Human genome
overview page (Build
35.1)

[Map Viewer Home](#)

[Map Viewer Help](#)
[Human Maps Help](#)
[FTP](#)

[Data As Table View](#)

[Maps & Options](#)

[Compress Map](#)

Region Shown:

38,389K

38,592K

[Go](#)

[out](#)
[zoom](#)
[in](#)

You are here:

[Ideogram](#)



☒ default
☐ master

Master Map: Genes On Sequence

[Summary of Maps](#)

[Maps & Options](#)

Region Displayed: 38,389K-38,592K bp

[Download/View Sequence/Evidence](#)

Hs Uni6	Genes_seq	Symbol	Links	E	Cyto	Description
Hs.317403 Unknown Unknown Unknown Hs.634952 Unknown Unknown Hs.175437 Unknown Unknown Unknown Hs.514199 Hs.632255 Hs.514196 Unknown Hs.603111	38390K 38400K 38410K 38420K 38430K 38440K 38450K 38460K 38470K 38480K 38490K 38500K 38510K 38520K 38530K 38540K 38550K 38560K 38570K 38580K 38590K	RUNDC1 RPL27 IFI35 VAT1 RND2 RPL21P4 BRCA1 NBR2 BRCA1P1 NBR1	HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts OMIM HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts OMIM HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts OMIM HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts OMIM HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts HGNC sv pr dl ev mm sts HGNC sv pr dl ev mm sts OMIM HGNC sv pr dl ev mm hm sts	best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq best RefSeq	17q21.31 17q21.1-q21.2 17q21 17q21 17q21 17q21 17q21 17q21 17q21 17q21.31	RUN domain containing 1 ribosomal protein L27 interferon-induced protein 35 vesicle amine transport protein 1 homolog (T call Rho family GTPase 2 ribosomal protein L21 pseudogene 4 breast cancer 1, early onset neighbor of BRCA1 gene 2 BRCA1 pseudogene 1 neighbor of BRCA1 gene 1

Two tasks

- Can you figure out how to LinkOut to the OMIM and/or Homologene entries for BRCA1?
- Can you figure out how to download the genomic sequence for the BRCA1 region?

Bioinformatics

Session 3.1 - Discovering GEO, the Gene Expression Omnibus.



Functional Genomics

- What kinds of questions can you ask with microarray data?
 - ✓ basic research
 - ✓ drug target discovery
 - ✓ biomarker discovery
 - ✓ pharmacology & toxicogenomics
 - ✓ clinical diagnosis - prognosis, diagnosis, & disease classification
 - ✓ gene regulatory networks
 - ✓ protein-DNA binding
 - ✓ + more

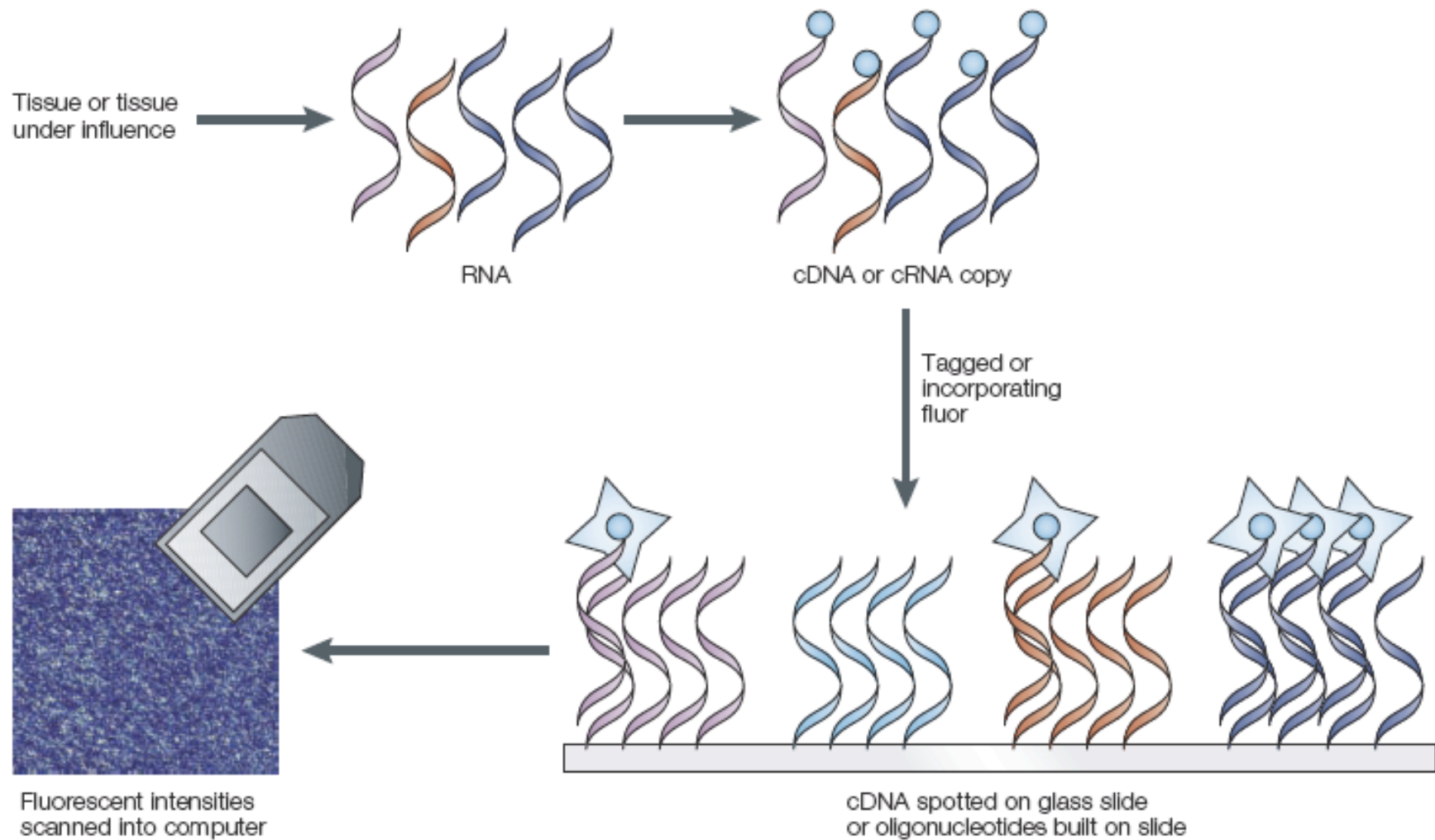
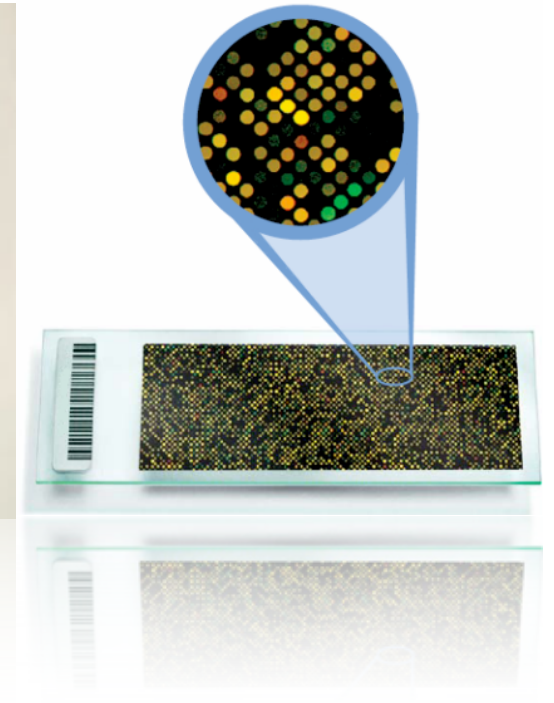


Figure 1 | **Schematized experimental process using a microarray.** Although the specific protocols differ, the microarray approach first involves isolating RNA or messenger RNA from appropriate biological samples, making the RNA (or a copy of it) fluorescent, hybridizing it to the microarray, washing off the excess and scanning the microarray under laser light.

Different Platforms

in situ oligonucleotide
single sample, absolute levels

spotted DNA/cDNA
two samples, relative levels



Microarray Experiment

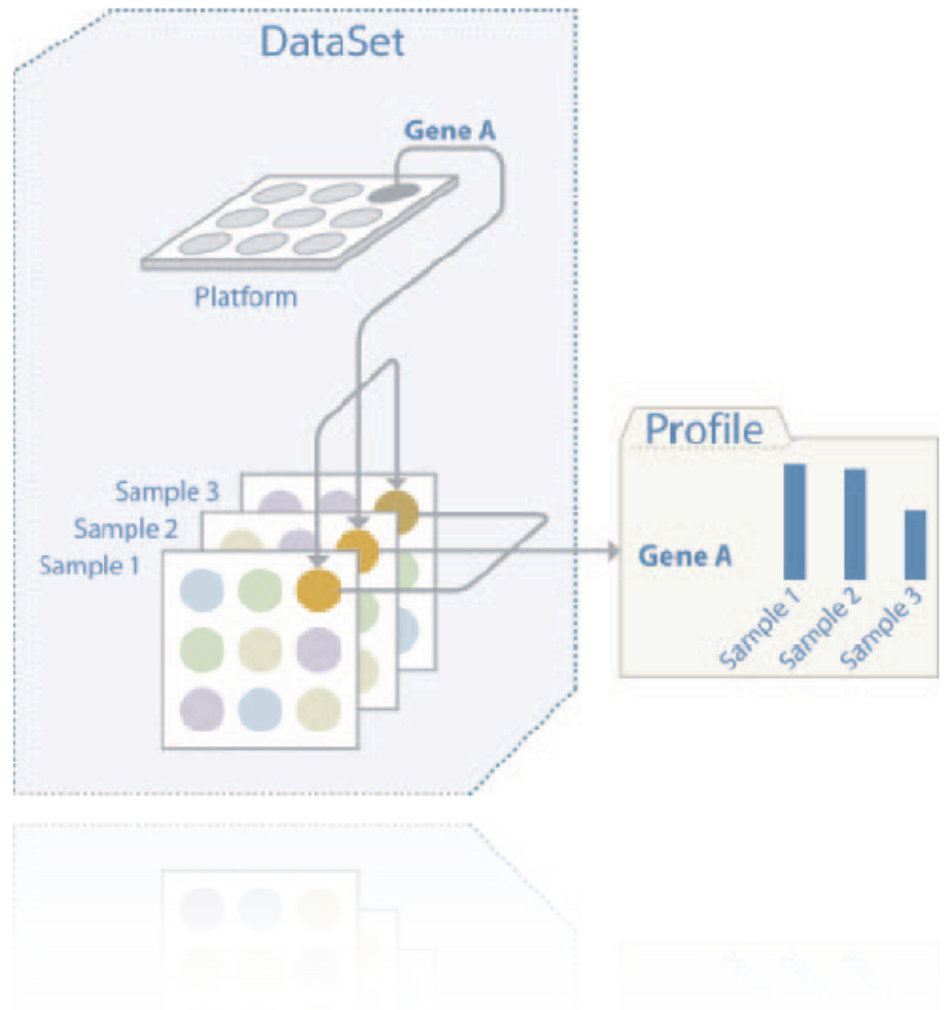
- Design
- Collect
- Pre-Process Example = Normalization
- Analyze Examples = Distance measures, data classification, clustering, + more
- Interpret
- Submit Rate Limiting Step = What do these results actually mean?
- Publish

Public Microarray Data



- The Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)
 - ◎ repository/archive gene expression data
- data submitted by the research community in fulfillment of journal requirements
- this public data represents an untapped resource; potential discovery from existing data sets is at your fingertips

GEO Database

Organized by:
Platform
Sample
Series/DataSet
Profile



<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/>


Gene Expression Omnibus

HOME | SEARCH | SITE MAP | Handout | NAR 2006 Paper | NAR 2002 Paper | FAQ | MIAME | Email GEO

NCBI > GEO ? Not logged in | Login ?

Gene Expression Omnibus: a gene expression/molecular abundance repository supporting [MIAME compliant](#) data submissions, and a curated, online resource for gene expression data browsing, query and retrieval.

GEO navigation

QUERY

DataSets

Gene profiles

GEO accession

GEO BLAST

GO

GO

GO

BROWSE

DataSets

GEO accessions

Platforms

Samples

Series

SUBMIT

Direct deposit / update

Web deposit / update

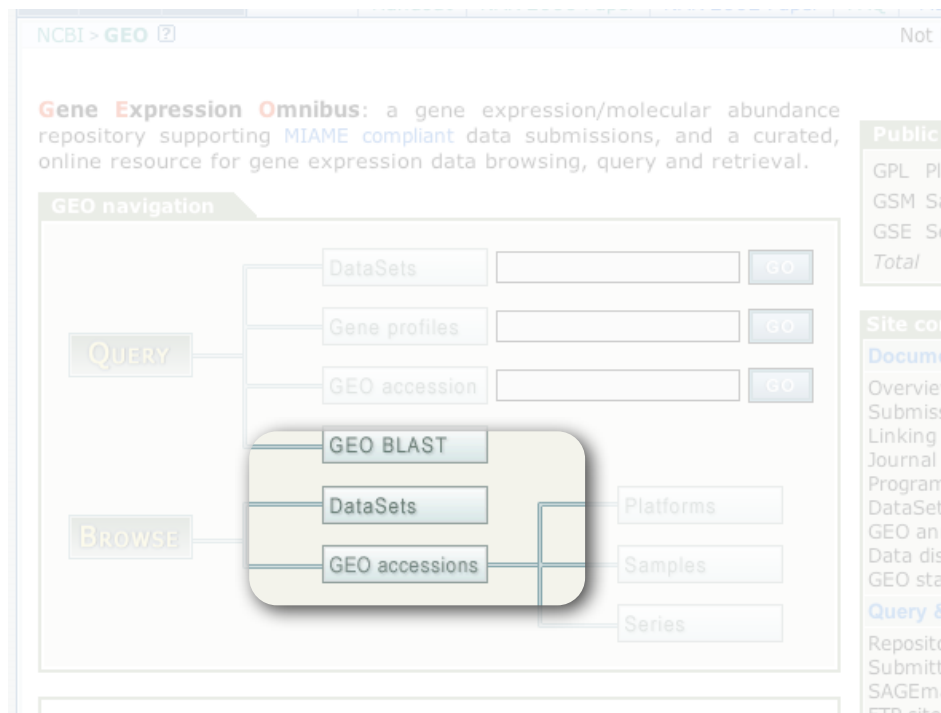
Create new account

Public data**Site contents****Documentation**Overview | FAQ | Find Submission guide
Linking & citing
Journal citations
Programmatic access
DataSet clusters
GEO announce list
Data disclaimer
GEO staff**Query & Browse** ?Repository browser
Submitter contacts
SAGEmap
FTP site
GEO Profiles
GEO DataSets**Deposit & Update** ?Direct deposit
Web deposit
New account

Searching GEO

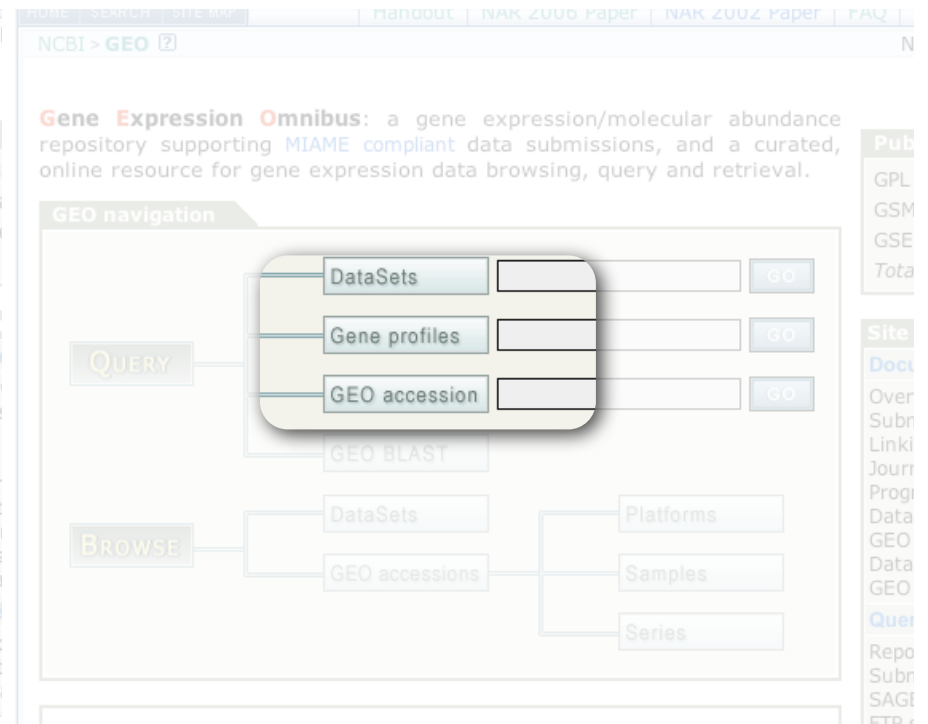
- Are you interested in a particular type of expt?

✓ GEO DataSets



- Are you looking for your favorite gene?

✓ GEO Profiles



Data in GEO

>120,000 samples
>3.2 billion measurement
200+ organisms
from >2000 labs

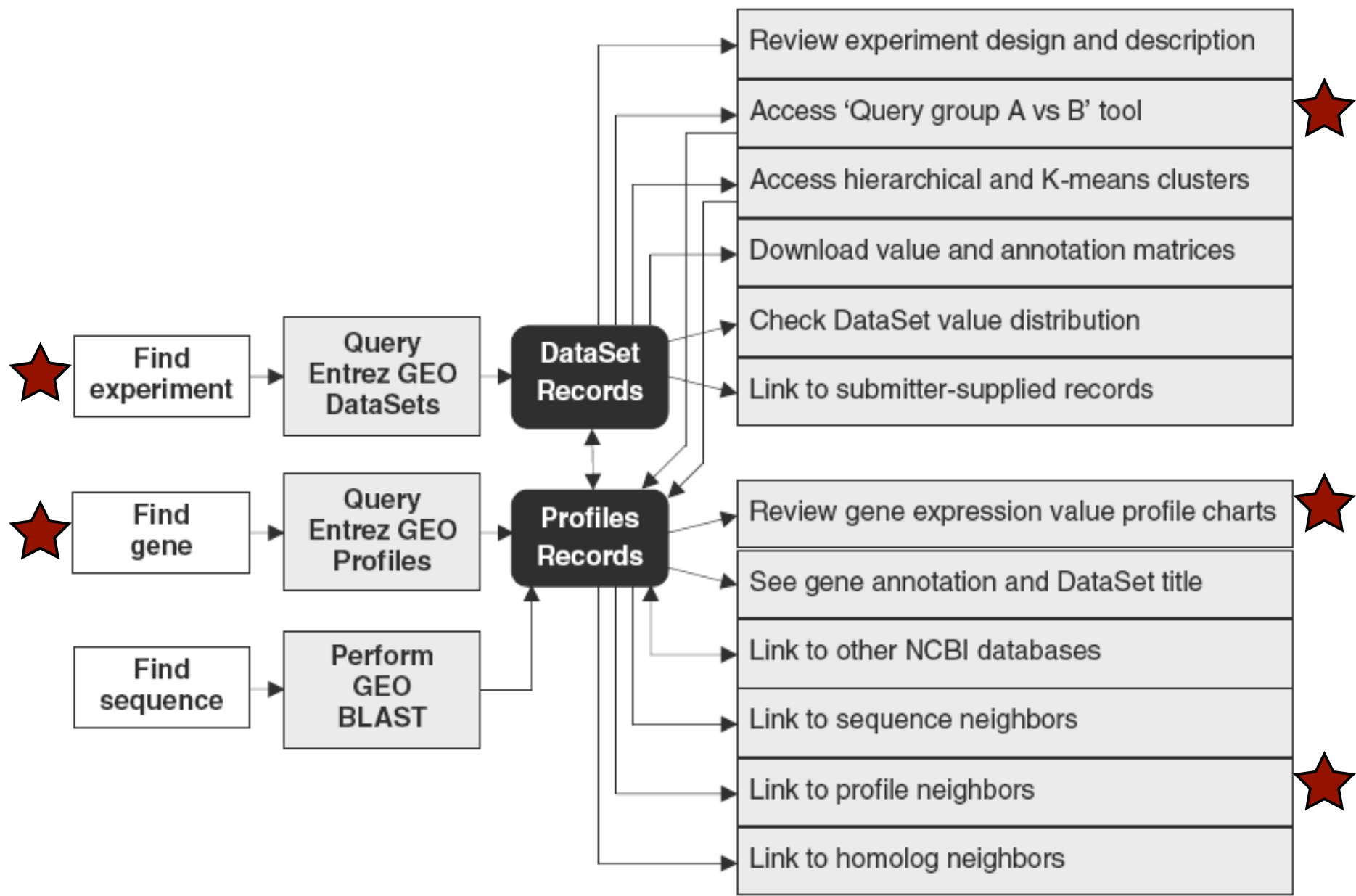
freely available online
ftp downloads

Total holdings

	Public	Unreleased	Total
Platforms	4407	355	4762
Samples	201401	45428	246829
Series	7883	1623	9506

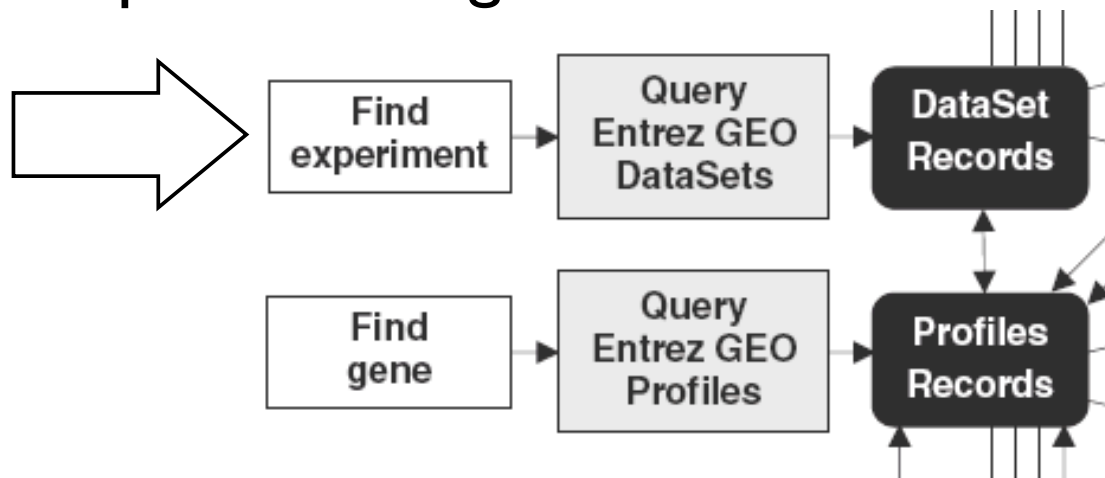
Browse public holdings

- All contacts
- All platforms
 - in situ oligonucleotide (1260)
 - spotted oligonucleotide (1099)
 - spotted DNA/cDNA (1850)
 - antibody (5)
 - tissue (0)
 - MS (10)
 - SARST (1)
 - MPSS (12)
 - RT-PCR (7)
 - oligonucleotide beads (50)
 - mixed spotted oligonucleotide/cDNA (6)
 - spotted protein (4)
 - SAGE (54)
- All samples
 - RNA (167588)
 - genomic (30043)
 - protein (651)
 - SAGE (993)
 - mixed (913)
- All series



An Example

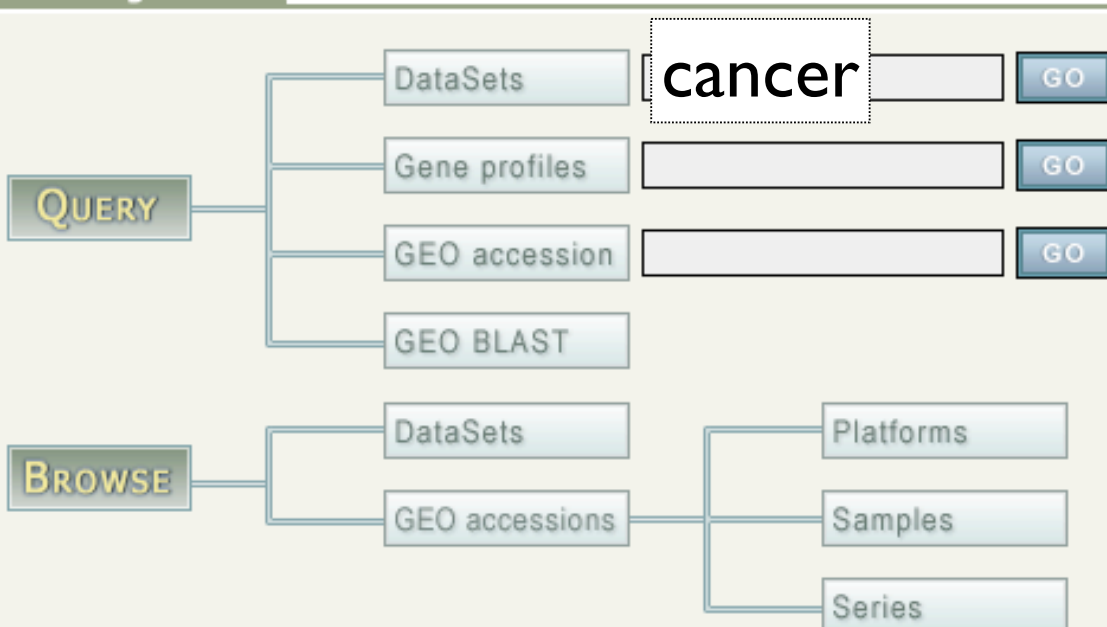
- Find microarray experiments that look at the expression of genes in cancer



You can use these GEO data mining tools for quick and easy identification of relevant & noteworthy data sets. For serious analyses, you should download the data and use a microarray data analysis software suite.

Gene Expression Omnibus: a gene expression/molecular abundance repository supporting [MIAME compliant](#) data submissions, and a curated, online resource for gene expression data browsing, query and retrieval.

GEO navigation



Public data

GPL Platforms **4407**
 GSM Samples **201401**
 GSE Series **7883**
 Total **213691**

Site contents

Documentation

Overview | FAQ
 Submission guide
 Linking & citing
 Journal citations
 Programmatic access
 DataSet clusters
 GEO announce list
 Data disclaimer
 GEO staff

Query & Browse ?

Repository browser
 Submitter contacts
 SAGemap
 FTP site
 GEO Profiles
 GEO DataSets

All Databases PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure PMC

Search for [Save](#)

[Limits](#) [Preview/Index](#) [History](#) [Clipboard](#) [Details](#)

Display Show Send to

All: 1885 DataSets: 339 Platforms: 206 Series: 1340

Items 1 - 20 of 1885

☐ **1: GDS2926 record: Megakaryocytic differentiation: time course** [Homo sapiens]

Summary: Temporal analysis of phorbol ester-treated CHRF-288-11 megakaryoblastic cells to undergo megakaryocytic (Mk) differentiation and primary Mk (PriMk) cell cytokine-treated CD34+ peripheral blood cells. Results provide insight into mechanisms underlying megakaryopoiesis.

Parent Platform: [GPL887](#)

Reference Series: [GSE8914](#)

Type: gene expression array-based, log e ratio

Subsets: 4 agent, 2 cell line, 13 time sets.

Samples: 77

- [GSM87962](#): CHRF_Expt3_DMSO_4d_rep1
- [GSM87963](#): CHRF_Expt3_DMSO_4d_rep2
- [GSM87983](#): CHRF_Expt4_DMSO_4d_rep1
- [GSM87984](#): CHRF_Expt4_DMSO_7d_rep1
- [GSM87961](#): CHRF_Expt3_DMSO_12d_rep1
- [GSM87970](#): CHRF_Expt3_PMA_1h_rep1
- [GSM87971](#): CHRF_Expt3_PMA_1h_rep2





GEO DataSets

for cancer AND human[Organism]

Preview

Go

Clear

Limits

Preview/Index

History

Clipboard

Details

site

Contents

Q

- Enter terms and click Preview to see only the number of search results.
- To save search indefinitely, click query # and select Save in My NCBI.
- To combine searches use #search, e.g., #2 AND #3 or click query # for more options.

Search	Most Recent Queries	Time	Result
#15	Search cancer AND human[Organism]	14:25:31	1387
#14	Search cancer	14:17:14	1885
#13	Search all[filter]	13:08:00	13962

Add Term(s) to Query or View Index:

- Enter a term in the text box; use the pull-down menu to specify a search field.
- Click Preview to add terms to the query box and see the number of search results, or click Index to view terms within a field.

Organism human

Preview

Index

Click to add a term to the query box

DataSets [Save Search](#)

- Enter terms and click Preview to see only the number of search results.
- To save search indefinitely, click query # and select Save in My NCBI.
- To combine searches use #search, e.g., #2 AND #3 or click query # for more options.

Search	Most Recent Queries	Time	Result
#16	Search cancer AND human[Organism] AND in situ oligonucleotide[Platform Technology Type]	14:28:29	718
#15	Search cancer AND human[Organism]	14:27:47	1387
#14	Search cancer	14:17:14	1885

- Platform Technology Type
- All Fields
 - Author
 - DataSet Type
 - Description
 - Entry Type
 - Filter
 - GEO Accession
 - MeSH Terms
 - Number of Platform Probes
 - Number of Samples
 - Organism
 - Platform Technology Type**
 - Publication Date
 - Related Platform
 - Related Series
 - Reporter Identifier
 - Sample Source
 - Sample Type
 - Sample Value Type

ow Index:

box; use the pull-down menu to specify a search field.
 ns to the query box and see the number of search results, or click Index to view terms within a field.

in situ oligonucleotide

add a term to the query box

How many “spotted DNA/cDNA”
 experiments explore cancer in humans?

Go Clear [Save Search](#)

[Limits](#)
[Preview/Index](#)
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[Details](#)

Display Summary Show 20 Send to

All: 530 DataSets: 60 Platforms: 109 Series: 361

Items 1 - 20 of 530

Page 1 of 27 [Next](#)

☐ **1: GDS2415 record** **Breast carcinomas and local recurrence** [Homo sapiens]

GEO Profiles, Links

Summary: Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.

Parent Platform: [GPL3558](#)

Reference Series: [GSE4913](#)

Type: gene expression array-based, log2 ratio

Subsets: 2 disease state, 2 specimen sets.

Supplementary
 TXT [download...](#)

Files:

Samples: 59

GSM110395: wsb 1428

GSM110396: wsb 1631


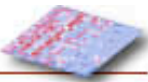
GSM110397: wsb 1642

GSM110398: wsb 1694

GSM110399: wsb 565

GSM110400: wsb 575

CEM110401: week 701

BI
Entrez

DataSets


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[Register]

es
PubMed
Nucleotide
Protein
Genome
Structure
PMC
Journals
Books

ataSets
for cancer AND human[Organism] AND spotted DNA/cDNA[PI]
Go
Clear
Save Search

Limits
Preview/Index
History
Clipboard
Details

Display
Summary
Show
20
Send to

All: 530
DataSets: 60
Platforms: 109
Series: 361

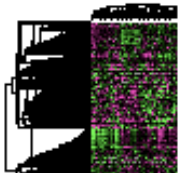
Items 1 - 20 of 60
Page 1 of 3 Next

1: **GDS2415 record: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence** [Homo sapiens]
GEO Profiles, Links

Summary
Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.
Parent Platform: [GPL3558](#)
Reference Series: [GSE4913](#)

Type: gene expression array-based, log2 ratio
Subsets: 2 disease state, 2 specimen sets.
Supplementary Files: TXT [download...](#)
Samples: 59

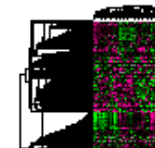
GSM110395	wsb 1428
GSM110396	wsb 1631
GSM110397	wsb 1642
GSM110398	wsb 1694
GSM110399	wsb 565
GSM110400	wsb 575
GSM110401	wsb 701



Search for

DataSet Record GDS2415: Expression Profiles Data Analysis Tools Sample Subsets			
Title:	Breast carcinomas and local recurrence		
Summary:	Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.		
Organism:	<i>Homo sapiens</i>		
Platform:	GPL3558: NKI-AVL Homo sapiens 18K cDNA microarray		
Citation:	Kreike B, Halfwerk H, Kristel P, Glas A et al. Gene expression profiles of primary breast carcinomas from patients at high risk for local recurrence after breast-conserving therapy. <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> 2006 Oct 1;12(19):5705-12. PMID: 17020974		
Reference Series:	GSE4913	Sample count:	59
Value type:	log2 ratio	Series published:	2006/09/24

Cluster Analysis



Download

- [DataSet SOFT file](#)
- [Series family SOFT file](#)
- [Series family MINiML file](#)
- [Annotation SOFT file](#)

Data Analysis Tools

Find genes [?](#)

Compare 2 sets of samples

Cluster heatmaps

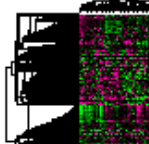
Experiment design and value distribution

Find gene name or symbol:

Find genes that are up/down
for this condition(s):

- ☒ disease state
☒ specimen

Search for

DataSet Record GDS2415:				Expression Profiles	Data Analysis Tools	Sample Subsets
Title:	Breast carcinomas and local recurrence					<div>Cluster Analysis</div>  <div>Download</div> <div><div>DataSet SOFT file</div><div>Series family SOFT file</div><div>Series family MINiML file</div><div>Annotation SOFT file</div></div>
Summary:	Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.					
Organism:	Homo sapiens					
Platform:	GPL3558: NKI-AVL Homo sapiens 18K cDNA microarray					
Citation:	Kreike B, Halfwerk H, Kristel P, Glas A et al. Gene expression profiles of primary breast carcinomas from patients at high risk for local recurrence after breast-conserving therapy. Clin Cancer Res 2006 Oct 1;12(19):5705-12. PMID: 17020974					
Reference Series:	GSE4913	Sample count:	59			
Value type:	log2 ratio	Series published:	2006/09/24			

Find genes ?

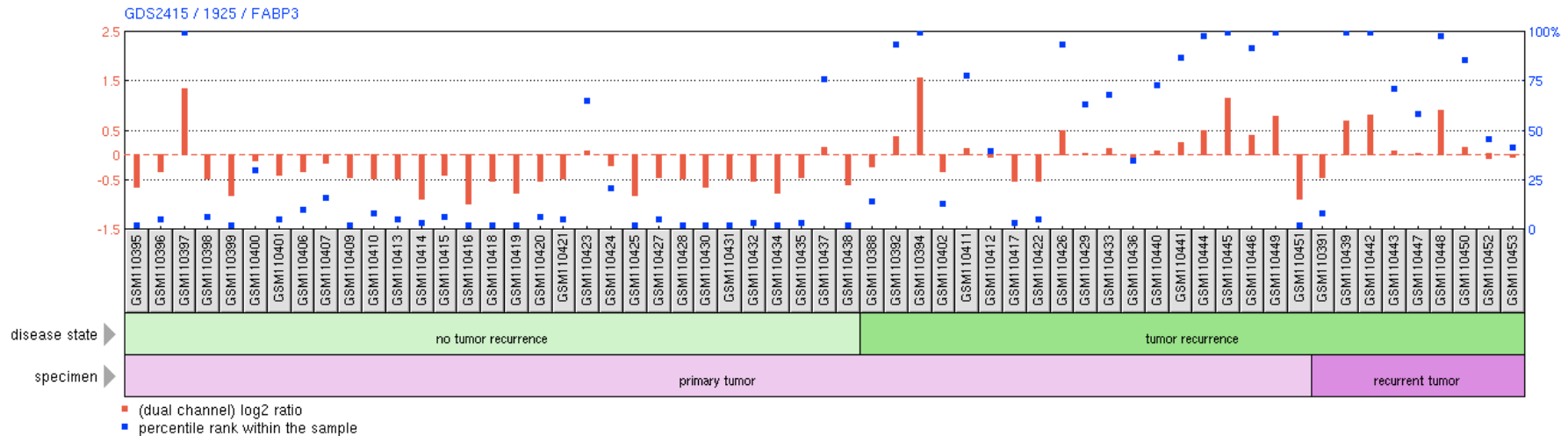
Compare 2 sets of samples

Cluster heatmaps

Experiment design and value distribution

Data Analysis Tools

☐ Find genes that are up/down for this condition(s):
 ☒ disease state
 ☒ specimen



- thumbnail image represents the abundance profile for an individual gene across each Sample in a DataSet
- bars at the bottom of the chart represent experimental subsets within the DataSet.
- **Red bar:** measured level of abundance
- **Blue square:** indication of where the expression of that gene falls with respect to all other genes on that array

Search for

Search

Clear

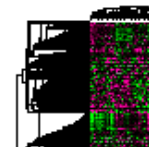
Show All

Advanced Search

DataSet Record GDS2415: [Expression Profiles](#) [Data Analysis Tools](#) [Sample Subsets](#)

Title:	Breast carcinomas and local recurrence		
Summary:	Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.		
Organism:	<i>Homo sapiens</i>		
Platform:	GPL3558: NKI-AVL Homo sapiens 18K cDNA microarray		
Citation:	Kreike B, Halfwerk H, Kristel P, Glas A et al. Gene expression profiles of primary breast carcinomas from patients at high risk for local recurrence after breast-conserving therapy. <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> 2006 Oct 1;12(19):5705-12. PMID: 17020974		
Reference Series:	GSE4913	Sample count:	59
Value type:	log2 ratio	Series published:	2006/09/24

Cluster Analysis



Download

[DataSet SOFT file](#)

[Series family SOFT file](#)

[Series family MINIML file](#)

[Annotation SOFT file](#)

Data Analysis Tools

Find genes

Compare 2 sets of samples ?

Cluster heatmaps

Experiment design and value distribution

Step 1: Select test and significance level

Two-tailed t-test (A vs B) Significance level: 0.100

Step 2: Select which Samples to put in Group A and Group B

Group A: GSM110388, GSM110451, GSM110449, GSM110446, GSM110444, GSM110445, GSM110441, GSM110436, GSM110440, GSM110433, GSM110429, GSM110426, GSM110422, GSM110412, GSM110417, GSM110411, GSM110402, GSM110394, GSM110392

Group B: GSM110391, GSM110453, GSM110439, GSM110442, GSM110443, GSM110447, GSM110448, GSM110450, GSM110452

Step 3: [Query Group A vs. B](#)

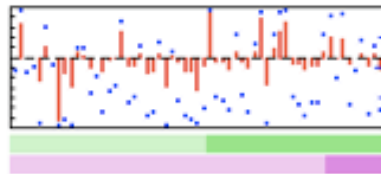
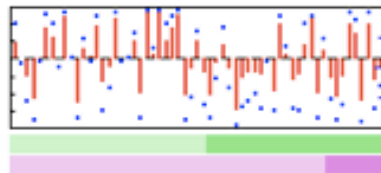
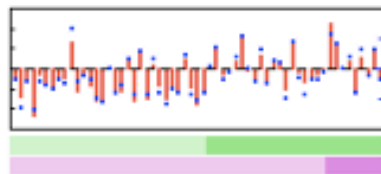
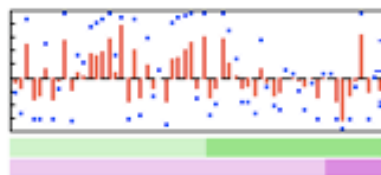
files for

Display Show Sort by Send to 

All: 2192 

Items 1 - 20 of 2192

Page of 110 [Next](#)

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1: GDS2415 record GPL3558 19198 [Homo sapiens] | | 59 samples Profile Neighbors , Chromosome Neighbors , Links |
| Annotation: | SFRS2IP: Splicing factor, arginine/serine-rich 2, interacting protein | |
| Reporter: | H78241 | |
| Experiment: | Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio | |
|  | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2: GDS2415 record GPL3558 19188 [Homo sapiens] | | 59 samples Profile Neighbors , Links |
| Annotation: | yg20e10.s1 Soares infant brain 1NIB Homo sapiens cDNA clone IMAGE:32609 3-, mRNA sequence | |
| Reporter: | R43734 | |
| Experiment: | Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio | |
|  | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3: GDS2415 record GPL3558 19184 [Homo sapiens] | | 59 samples Chromosome Neighbors , Links |
| Annotation: | LIPC: Lipase, hepatic | |
| Reporter: | N68256 | |
| Experiment: | Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio | |
|  | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4: GDS2415 record GPL3558 19172 [Homo sapiens] | | 59 samples Chromosome Neighbors , Links |
| Annotation: | SMARCA1: SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, ... | |
| Reporter: | AA496809 | |
| Experiment: | Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio | |
|  | | |

A vs B Query Tool

Take home message: GEO data analysis tools are great for quick identification of interesting leads; you download the data to carry out more robust statistical analyses

- **Purpose:** To help identify gene profiles that display marked differences in expression level between two subsets of experimental factors (e.g. tissue, strain, time, dose, etc).
- **Caveats:** The "mean group A vs B" is perhaps the most rudimentary means of filtering data; t-test is well established but comes with a set of basic assumptions.

A Simple Test

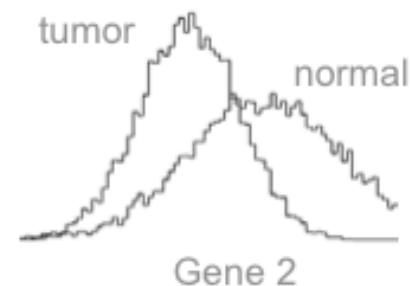
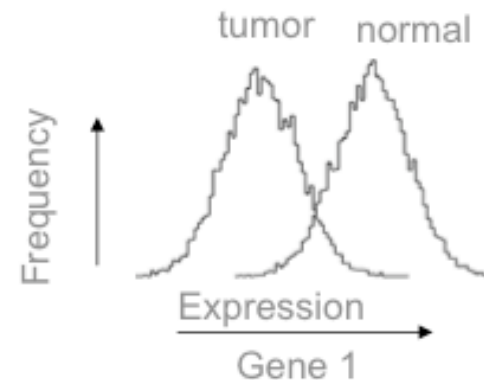
- Student's t-test
 - Assumptions: Normality, equal variance

$$t = \frac{m_{tumor} - m_{normal}}{\sqrt{\frac{s_{tumor}^2}{N_{tumor}} + \frac{s_{normal}^2}{N_{normal}}}}$$

m_i = mean expression value in class i

N_i = number of examples in class i

s_i^2 = variance



Using GEO for differential expression

The screenshot shows the NCBI GEO Dataset Browser interface for dataset GDS2853. The top navigation bar includes the NCBI logo, the 'DATASET BROWSER' title, and a search bar containing 'GDS2853[ACCN]'. Below the search bar are tabs for 'Expression Profiles', 'Data Analysis Tools', and 'Sample Subsets'. The main content area displays the dataset record for GDS2853, titled 'Low and high grade astrocytomas'. The summary states: 'Comparison of low and high grade astrocytoma brain tumors. Results provide insight into the molecular differences between the two types of tumors.' The organism is 'Homo sapiens' and the platform is 'GPL91: Affymetrix GeneChip Human Genome U95 Version [1 or 2] Set HG-U95A'. The reference series is 'GSE3185' with a sample count of 16. The value type is 'count' and the series was published on 2005/08/24. On the right side, there is a 'Cluster Analysis' section with a heatmap visualization and a 'Download' section with links to 'DataSet SOFT file', 'Series family SOFT file', 'Series family MINIML file', and 'Annotation SOFT file'. Below the dataset record, the 'Data Analysis Tools' section is visible, featuring a 'Find genes' button and a 'Find gene name or symbol' input field. The 'Find genes' button has a dropdown menu with options: 'Compare 2 sets of samples', 'Cluster heatmaps', and 'Experiment design and value distribution'. The 'Find gene name or symbol' input field has a 'Go' button. Below the input field, there is a checkbox for 'Find genes that are up/down for this condition(s):' with options for 'other' and 'disease state', and a 'Go' button. At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'NLM', 'NIH', 'GEO Help', 'Disclaimer', and 'Secti'.

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/GDSbrowser?acc=GDS2853>

GEO limitations

- Differential expression can only be done for “Datasets”(GDS****)
- T-tests only
- Very little control over parameters
- Output is not that easy to use

Be careful with $p < 0.05$

- In GDS2853 example, 2912 genes met $p < 0.05$
- This is 11% of the genes on the array
- Expect 5% by chance (this is what $p < 0.05$ means)
- Probably $\sim 1/2$ of the selected 2912 are false positives
- This is the “multiple testing” problem

Download Data Types

SOFT - text based
MiNiML* - xml based

*MIAME Notation in Markup Language

all GEO data are available for bulk download:
<ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/geo/DATA>

The screenshot shows the GEO Data Browser interface. At the top, there is a 'CURATED TASET ROWSER' logo and the 'GEO Gene Expression Omnibus' logo. Below the logos, there is an 'Advanced Search' button. The main content area is divided into several sections. On the left, there is a table with columns for 'Version [1 or 2] Set HG-U95A', 'Accession', 'Date', and 'Description'. The first row shows '16', '2005/08/24', and '5002\08\54'. To the right of the table, there is a 'Cluster Analysis' section with a dendrogram. Below that, there is a 'Download' section with a list of download options: 'DataSet SOFT file' (highlighted in yellow), 'Series family SOFT file', 'Series family MiNiML file', and 'Annotation SOFT file'. A red box highlights the 'Download' section, and a red arrow points to the 'DataSet SOFT file' option. A tooltip box next to the arrow contains the text: 'Contains DataSet information, experiment variable subsets and expression value measurements (plain text, tab-delimited format)'.

More Serious Tools

- Free
 - R + Bioconductor
 - TIGR MultiExperimentViewer (MeV)
 - ...
- Commercial
 - Genespring–ArrayAssist
 - Rosetta Resolver
 - ...

Gene Expression Profiles of Primary Breast Carcinomas from Patients at High Risk for Local Recurrence after Breast-Conserving Therapy

Bas Kreike,^{1,3} Hans Halfwerk,^{2,3} Petra Kristel,^{2,3} Annuska Glas,² Hans Peterse,² Harry Bartelink,¹ and Marc J. van de Vijver²

gene of interest
FABP3

Abstract **Purpose:** Several risk factors for local recurrence of breast cancer after breast-conserving therapy (BCT) have been identified. The identification of additional risk factors would be very useful in guiding optimal therapy and also in improving understanding of the mechanisms underlying local recurrence. We used cDNA microarray analysis to identify gene expression profiles associated with local recurrence.

Experimental Design: Using 18K cDNA microarrays, gene expression profiles were obtained from 50 patients who underwent BCT. Of these 50 patients, 19 developed a local recurrence; the remaining 31 patients were selected as controls as they were free of local recurrence at least 11 years after treatment. For 9 of 19 patients, the local recurrence was also available for gene expression profiling. Unsupervised and supervised methods of classification were used to separate patients in groups corresponding to disease outcome and to study the overall gene expression pattern of primary tumors and their recurrences.

Results: Hierarchical clustering of patients did not show any grouping reflecting local recurrence status. Supervised analysis revealed no significant set of genes that was able to distinguish recurring tumors from nonrecurring tumors. Paired-data analysis of primary tumors and local recurrences showed a remarkable similarity in gene expression profile between primary tumors and their recurrences.

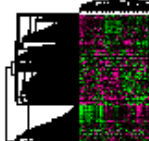
Conclusions: No significant differences in gene expression between primary breast cancer tumors in patients with or without local recurrence after BCT were identified. Furthermore, analyses of primary tumors and local recurrences show a preservation of the overall gene expression pattern in the local recurrence, even after radiotherapy.

Breast-conserving therapy (BCT) has become the therapy of choice for a large proportion of breast cancer patients. Several randomized controlled trials have shown no difference in survival rates after BCT or mastectomy for stage I and II breast cancer (1–4). Studies comparing the psychological effects of BCT with mastectomy have shown that patients treated with BCT had a better body image, and some studies reported less

recurrence compared with mastectomy. A local recurrence rate of 10% in 10 years follow-up is generally considered as clinically acceptable for T₁₋₂N₀₋₁ breast cancers. However, local recurrence up to 30% have been reported in young patients (7, 8).

Several risk factors for local recurrence after BCT have been identified, involvement of the surgical margin, lymph node

Search for

DataSet Record GDS2415:				Expression Profiles	Data Analysis Tools	Sample Subsets
Title:	Breast carcinomas and local recurrence			<div>Cluster Analysis</div> 		
Summary:	Analysis of primary breast carcinoma tumors from 50 patients who received breast-conserving therapy (BCT). 19 patients subsequently developed a local recurrence of the carcinoma. 9 recurrent tumors also examined. Compared to mastectomy, BCT is associated with a higher rate of local recurrence.					
Organism:	Homo sapiens					
Platform:	GPL3558: NKI-AVL Homo sapiens 18K cDNA microarray					
Citation:	Kreike B, Halfwerk H, Kristel P, Glas A et al. Gene expression profiles of primary breast carcinomas from patients at high risk for local recurrence after breast-conserving therapy. Clin Cancer Res 2006 Oct 1;12(19):5705-12. PMID: 17020974			<div>Download</div> <div><div>DataSet SOFT file</div><div>Series family SOFT file</div><div>Series family MINIML file</div><div>Annotation SOFT file</div></div>		
Reference Series:	GSE4913	Sample count:	59			
Value type:	log2 ratio	Series published:	2006/09/24			

Find genes ?

Compare 2 sets of samples

Cluster heatmaps

Experiment design and value distribution

Data Analysis Tools

Find gene name or symbol:

Find genes that are up/down for this condition(s):

☒ disease state

☒ specimen


 files

Go

Clear

[Save Search](#)

Limits

Preview/Index

History

Clipboard

Details

Display

Summary

Show

20

Sort by

Subgroup effect

Send to

Download profile data



All: 2



Items 1 - 2 of 2

One page.

☐ **1: GDS2415 record** | **GPL3558** 1925 [Homo sapiens]

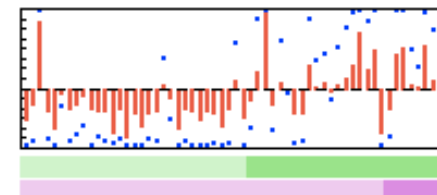
59 samples

[Profile Neighbors](#), [Chromosome Neighbors](#), [Links](#)

 Annotation: **FABP3**: Fatty acid binding protein 3, muscle and heart (mammary-derived growth inhib...

 Reporter: **AA044307**

Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio


☐ **2: GDS2415 record** | **GPL3558** 11434 [Homo sapiens]

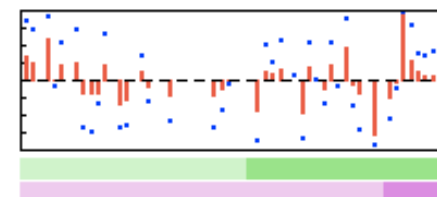
59 samples

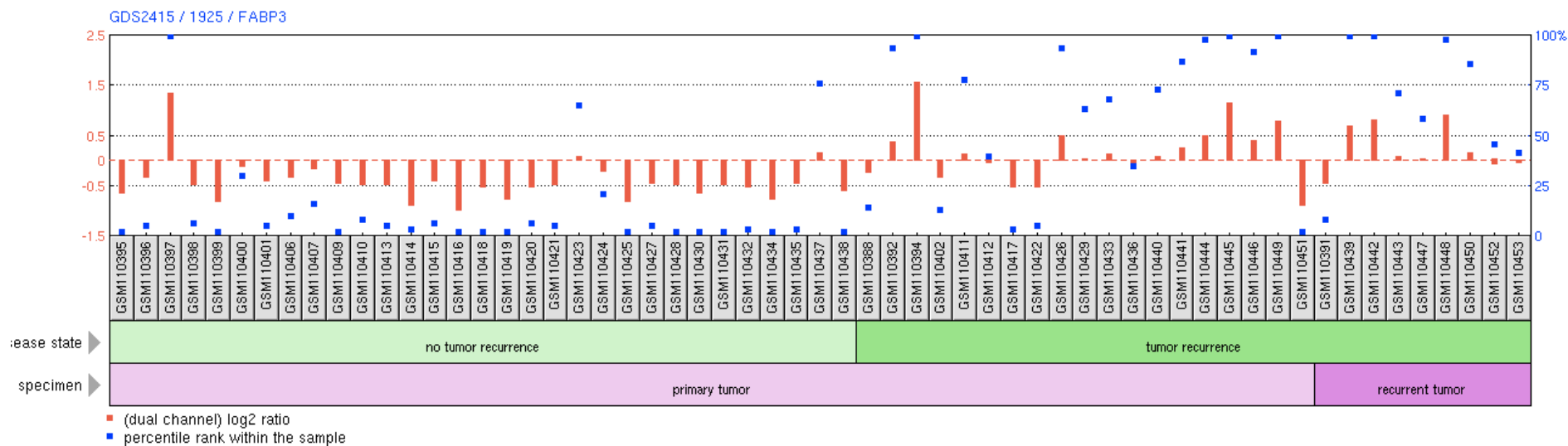
[Chromosome Neighbors](#), [Links](#)

 Annotation: **FABP3**: Fatty acid binding protein 3, muscle and heart (mammary-derived growth inhib...

 Reporter: **AA148548**

Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio





My NCBI [Sign In] [Register]

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 for "GDS2415"[ACCN] fabp3 Go Clear Save Search
 Limits Preview/Index History Clipboard Details
 Display Summary Show 20 Sort by Subgroup effect Send to Download profile data

Items 1 - 2 of 2

One page.

☐ 1: **GDS2415** record | **GPL3558** 1925 [Homo sapiens] 59 samples [Profile Neighbors](#), [Chromosome Neighbors](#), [Links](#)

Annotation: **FABP3**: Fatty acid binding protein 3, muscle and heart (mammary-derived growth inhib...
 Reporter: **AA044307**
 Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log₂ ratio

PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure PMC Journals Books

for Go Clear

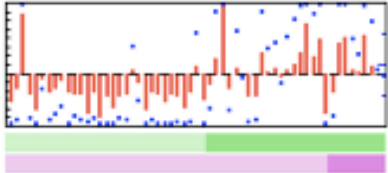
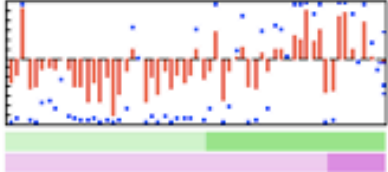
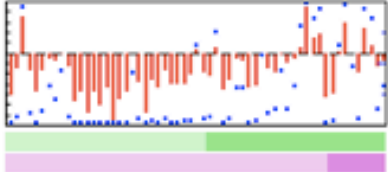
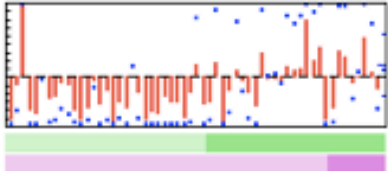
Limits Preview/Index History Clipboard Details

Display Summary Show 20 Sort by Select Send to Download profile data

All: 6

Items 1 - 6 of 6

One page.

<p><input type="checkbox"/> 1: GDS2415 record GPL3558 1925 [Homo sapiens] 59 samples Profile Neighbors, Chromosome Neighbors, Links</p> <p>Annotation: FABP3: Fatty acid binding protein 3, muscle and heart (mammary-derived growth inhib...</p> <p>Reporter: AA044307</p> <p>Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> 2: GDS2415 record GPL3558 13888 [Homo sapiens] 59 samples Profile Neighbors, Links</p> <p>Annotation: Transcribed locus, strongly similar to NP_066407.1 histone family, member B...</p> <p>Reporter: AI076718</p> <p>Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> 3: GDS2415 record GPL3558 2942 [Homo sapiens] 59 samples Profile Neighbors, Chromosome Neighbors, Links</p> <p>Annotation: HIST2H2BE: Histone cluster 2, H2be</p> <p>Reporter: AA010223</p> <p>Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> 4: GDS2415 record GPL3558 757 [Homo sapiens] 59 samples Profile Neighbors, Chromosome Neighbors, Links</p> <p>Annotation: HIST1H2BK: Histone cluster 1, H2bk</p> <p>Reporter: N71982</p> <p>Experiment: Breast carcinomas and local recurrence, gene expression array-based, log2 ratio</p>	

Profile Neighbors

Take home message: GEO data analysis tools are great for quick identification of interesting leads; you download the data to carry out more robust statistical analyses

- Connects groups of genes that have similar expression profiles within a DataSet
 - pre-computed
 - calculated by Pearson correlation coefficients

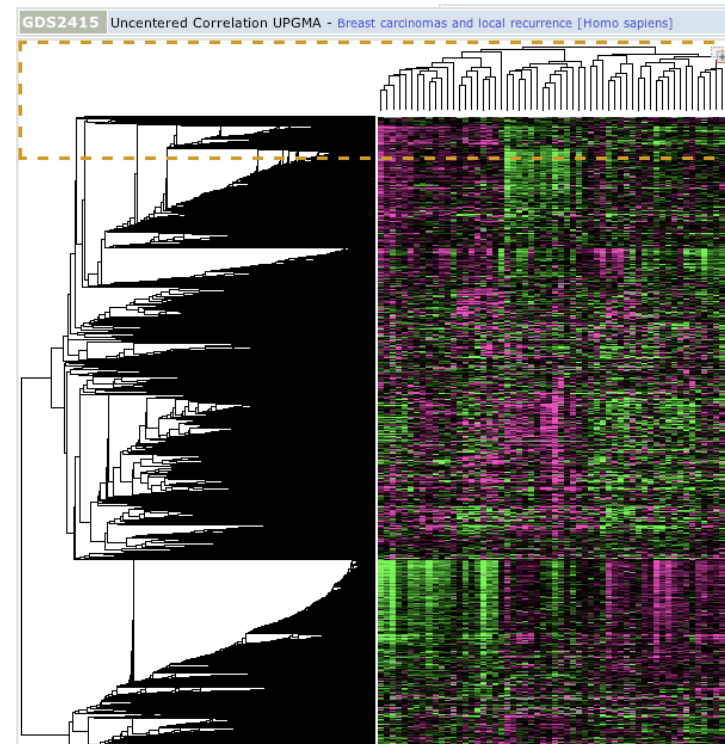
Other Features

- Cluster Heat Maps

- precomputed sample and gene hierarchical cluster heat maps provided
- different methods available; can select, expand, download

- GEO BLAST

- retrieve gene expression profiles by sequence similarity



GEO, the gene expression omnibus

- public repository of expression data from many different experimental platforms
- Main uses
 - ✓ search for experiments of interest
 - ✓ search for expression information about gene of interest
- submit, search, analyses tools available
- data standards required MIAME, MiNiML

Credits & References

- NCBI GEO: mining tens of millions of expression profiles—database and tools update. Barrett T, et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 35 (2007) D760-5. [PMID: 17099226]
- GEO: the Gene Expression Omnibus
<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/geo/info/GEOHandoutFinal.pdf>
- Dr. Paul Pavlidis, UBC Bioinformatics Centre

Bioinformatics

Session 3.2 - Pathway Resources for Systems Biology



Proteomics

- How large is the human proteome, anyway?

Class	Size	Description
Non Redundant Proteins	20,000-25,000	representative protein from every gene locus
Variants	50,000-500,000	different proteins obtained by splicing or proteolysis
Combinatorial Variants	>10,000,000	different proteins generated by somatic DNA rearrangements
Protein Species	>100,000	proteins that differ in chemical composition due to PTM
Protein Alleles	75,000-150,000	proteins that differ by genetic variation (coding SNPs)

source: Uhlen M et al, Molecular & Cellular Proteomics (2005)

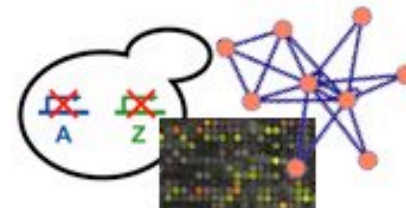
Cellular Pathways



- A striking similarity between intracellular signaling pathways and the Tokyo subway system

Pathway Information

- Databases
 - Fully electronic
 - Easily computer readable
- Literature
 - Increasingly electronic
 - Human readable
- Biologist's brains
 - Richest data source
 - Limited bandwidth access
- Experiments
 - Basis for models



<http://www.pathguide.org/>

[Home](#) [BioPAX](#) [cBio](#) [MSKCC](#)

Pathguide» the pathway resource list

Navigation

[Protein-Protein Interactions](#)
[Metabolic Pathways](#)
[Signaling Pathways](#)
[Pathway Diagrams](#)
[Transcription Factors / Gene Regulatory Networks](#)
[Protein-Compound Interactions](#)
[Genetic Interaction Networks](#)
[Protein Sequence Focused](#)
[Other](#)

Search

Organisms
All
Availability
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Standards
All
Reset Search

Statistics

Analyze Pathguide

Contact

Comments, Questions, Suggestions are Always

Complete Listing of All Pathguide Resources

Pathguide contains information about **287** biological pathway resources. Click on a link to go to the resource home page or 'Details' for a description page. Databases that are free and those supporting BioPAX, CellML, PSI-MI or SBML standards are respectively indicated.

If you know of a pathway resource that is not listed here, or have other questions or comments, please [send us an e-mail](#).

News

Major update
All resources were recently reviewed and many new ones were added

Get the Stats
Detailed Pathguide resource statistics now available

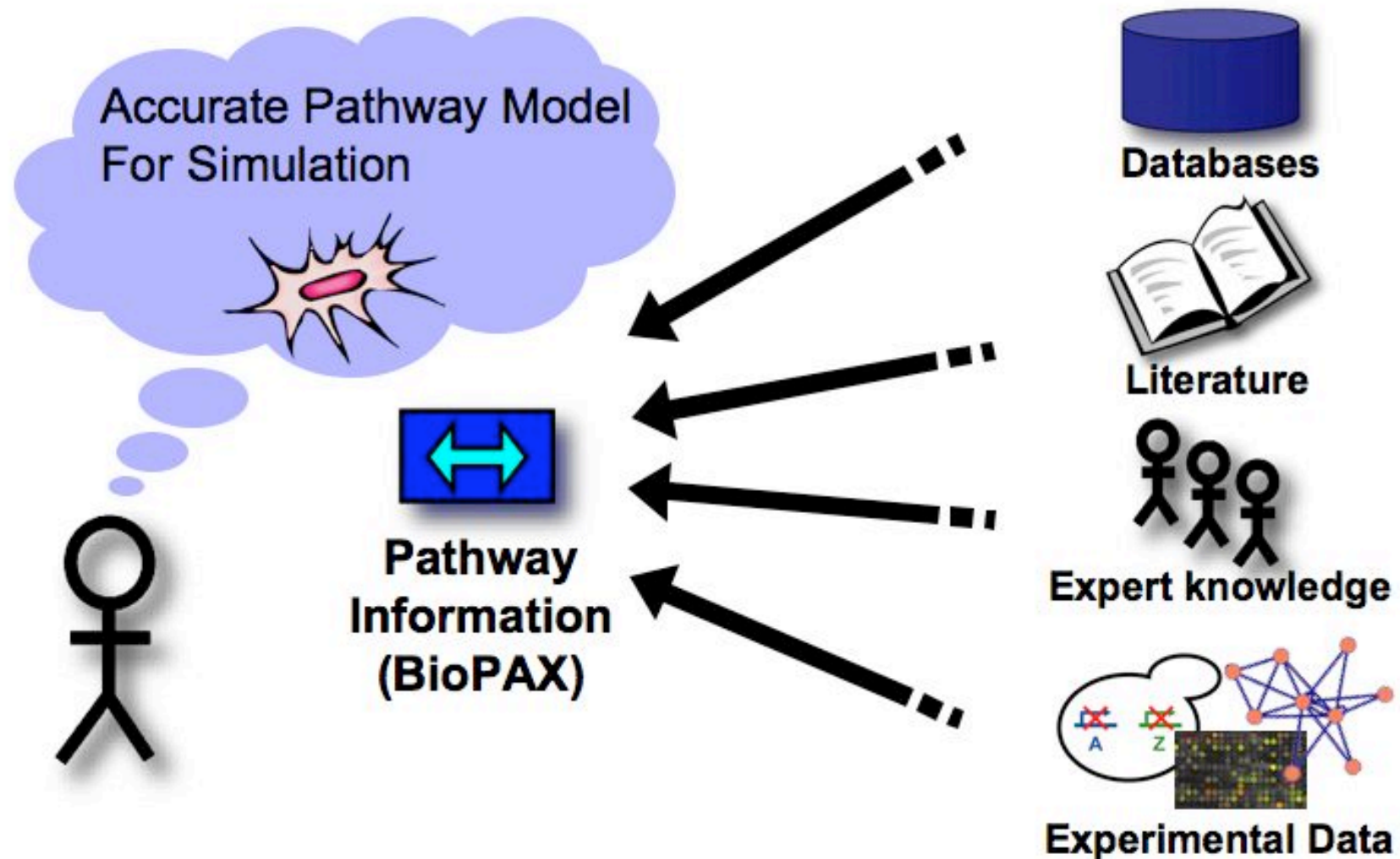
Pathguide Published
Please cite the [Pathguide Publication](#)

Protein-Protein Interactions

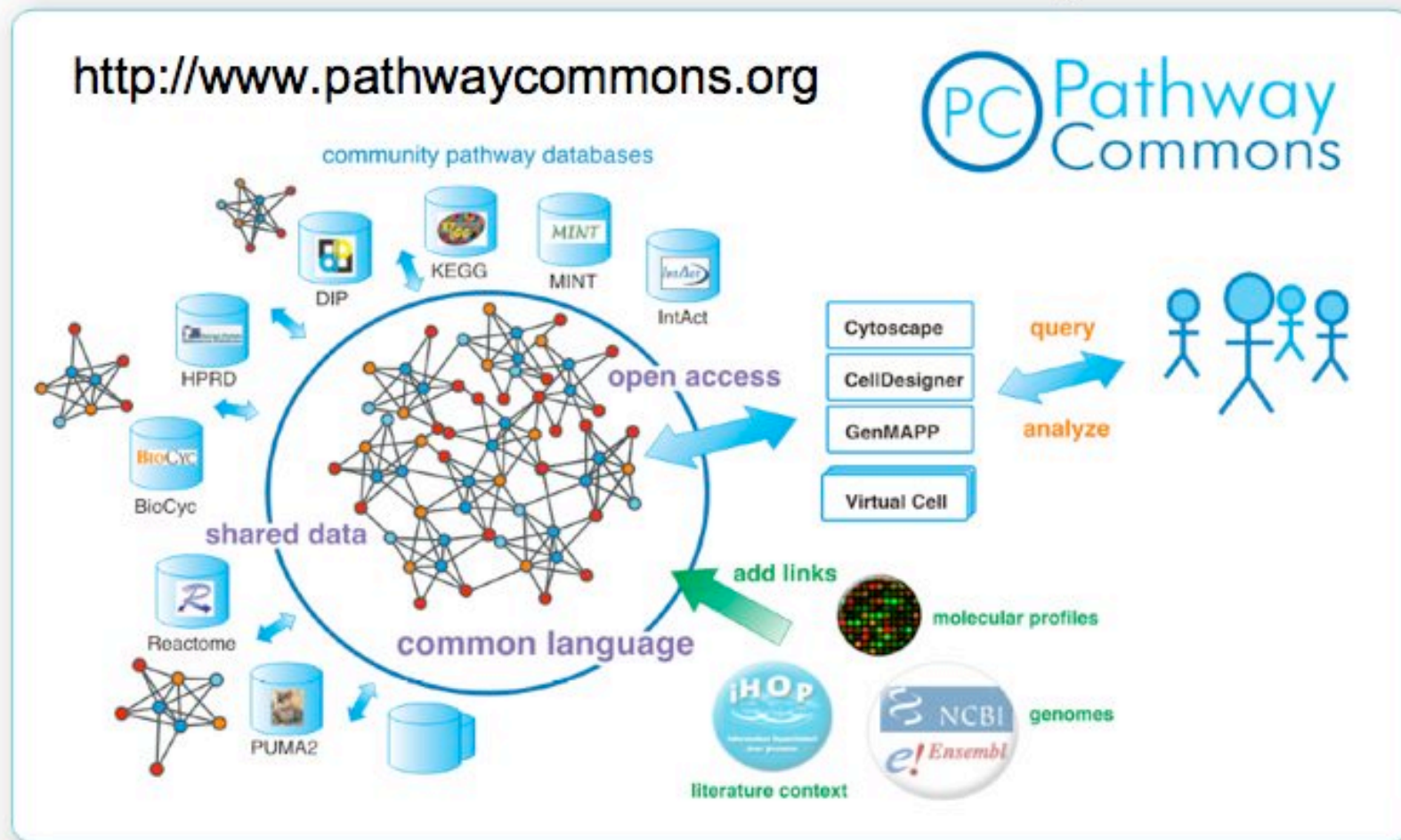
Database Name (Order: alphabetically | [by web popularity](#))

	Full Record	Availability	Standards
3DID - 3D interacting domains	Details	Free	
ABCdb - Archaea and Bacteria ABC transporter database	Details	Free	
AfCS - Alliance for Cellular Signaling Molecule Pages Database	Details	Free	
AlIFuse - Functional Associations of Proteins in Complete Genomes	Details	X	
aMAZE - Protein Function and Biochemical Pathways Project	Details	Free	
ASEdb - Alanine Scanning Energetics Database	Details	Free	
ASPD - Artificial Selected Proteins/Peptides Database	Details	Free	
BID - Binding Interface Database	Details	X	
BIND - Biomolecular Interaction Network Database	Details	Free	PSI-MI
BioGRID - General Repository for Interaction Datasets	Details		PSI-MI
BRITE - Biomolecular Relations in Information Transmission and Expression	Details	Free	
CA1Neuron - Pathways of the hippocampal CA1 neuron	Details	Free	
Cancer Cell Map - The Cancer Cell Map	Details	Free	BioPAX

Using Pathway Information



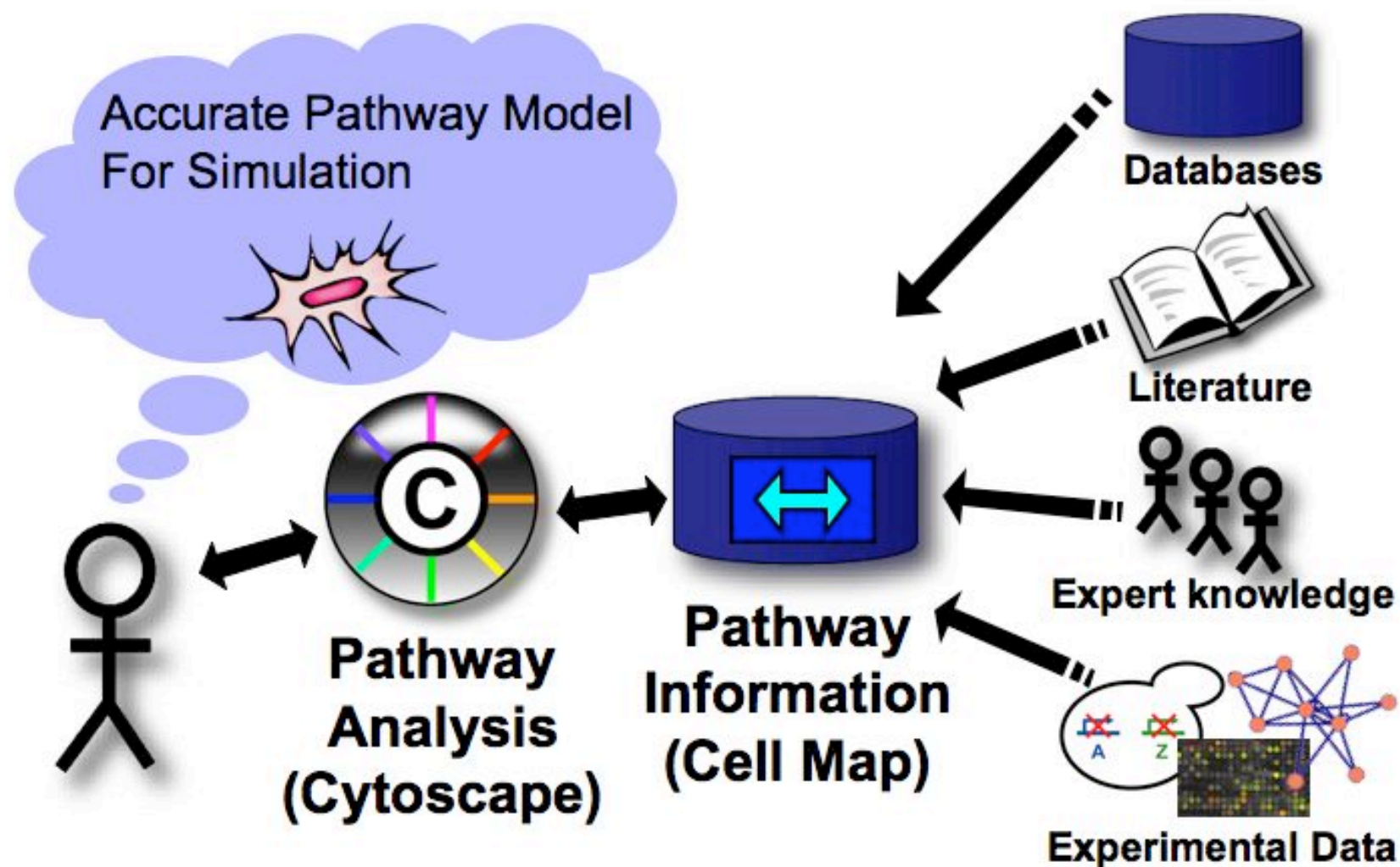
Aim: Convenient Access to Pathway Information



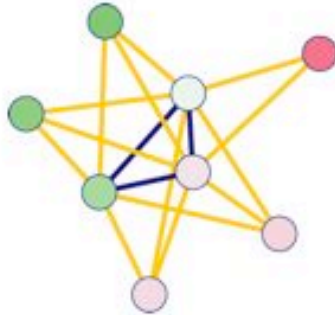
Facilitate creation and communication of pathway data
Aggregate pathway data in the public domain
Provide easy access for pathway analysis

Long term: Converge
to integrated cell map

Using Pathway Information



Cytoscape - Network Visualization and Analysis



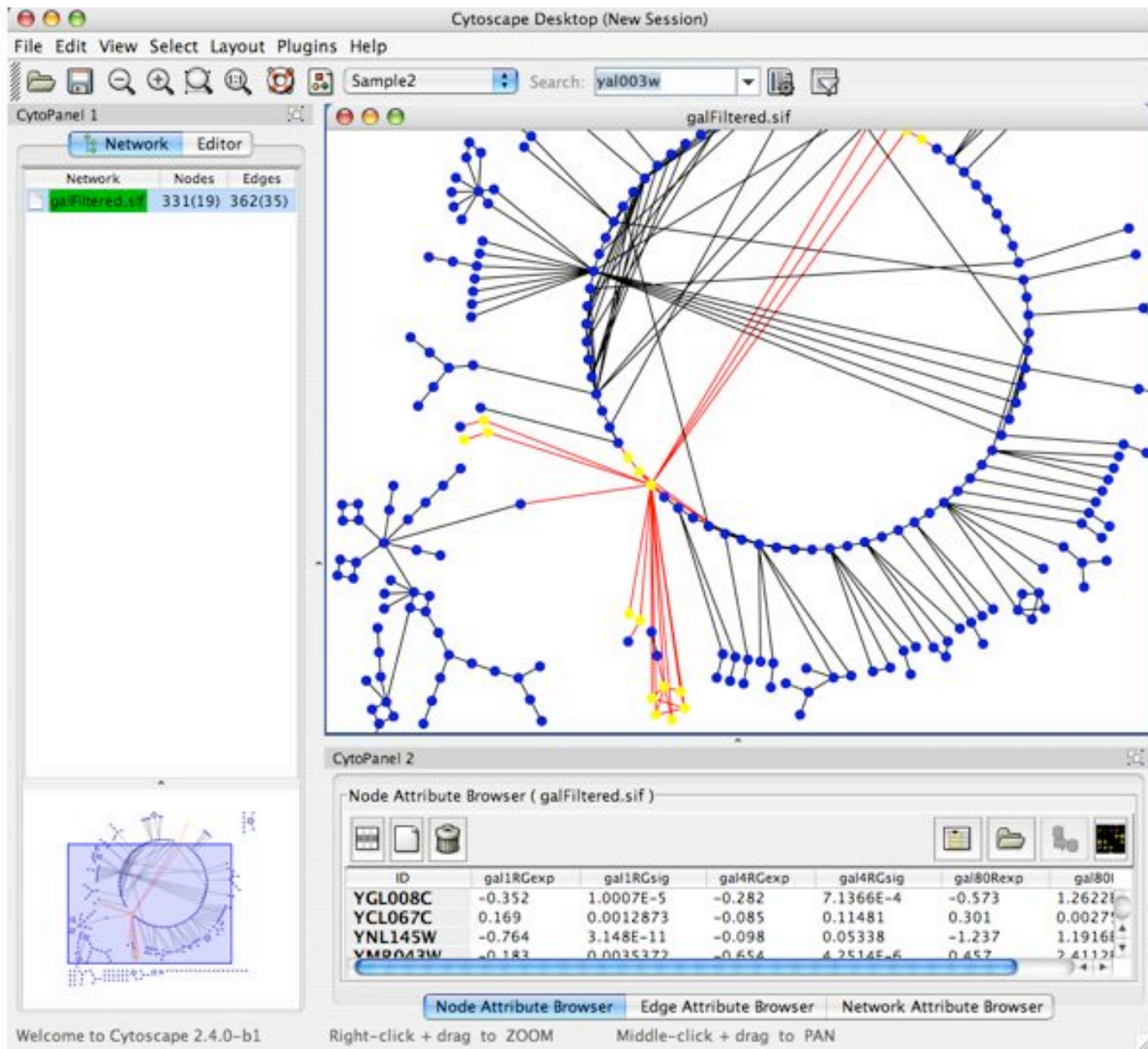
<http://cytoscape.org>



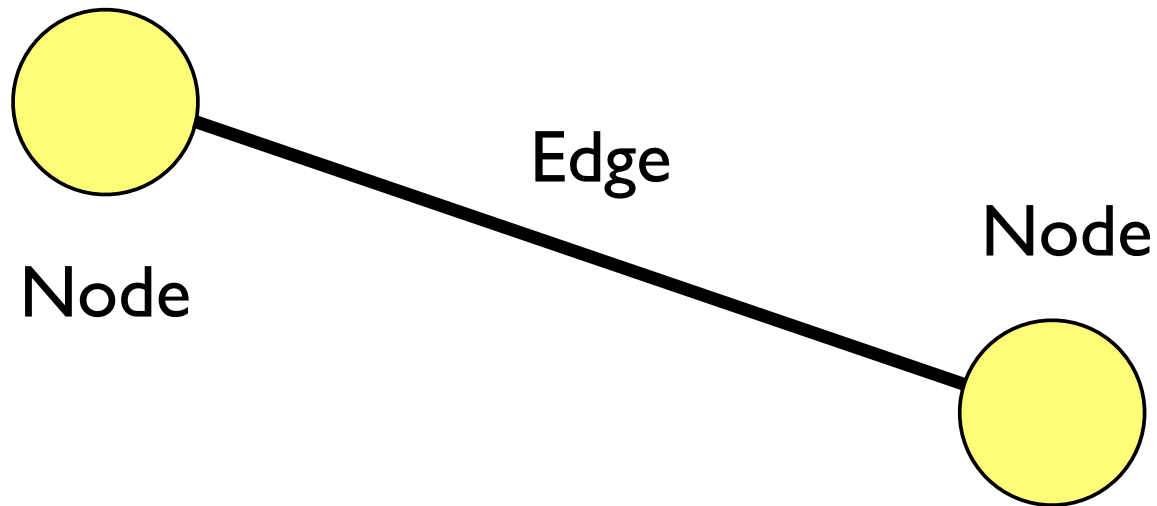
- Freely-available (open-source, java) software
- Visualizing biological networks (e.g. molecular interaction networks)
- Analyzing networks with gene expression profiles and other cell state data

UCSD, ISB, Agilent, MSKCC, Pasteur, UCSF, UToronto

Other software: Osprey, BioLayout, VisANT, Navigator, PIMWalker, ProViz



Pathway Graphs

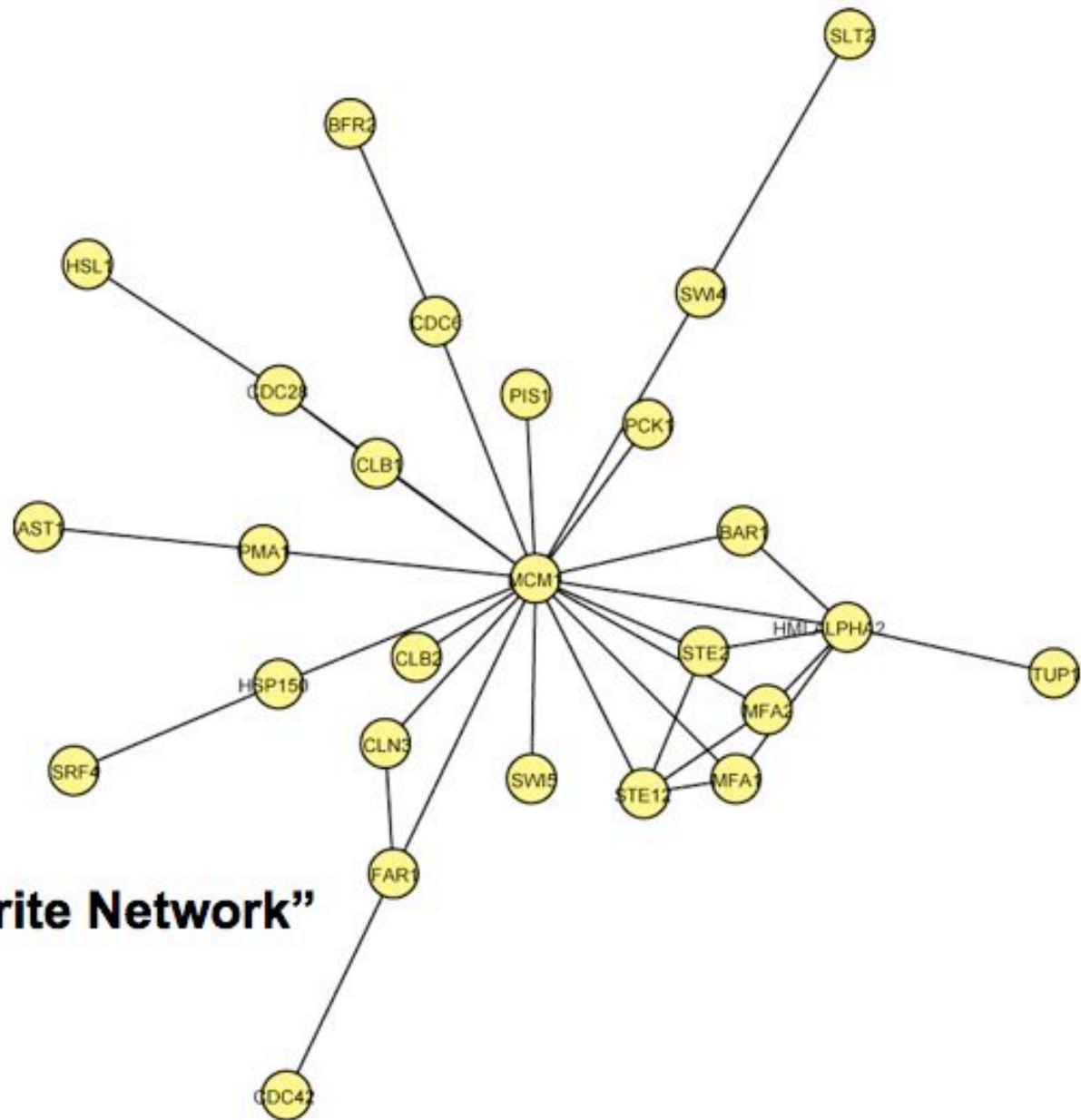


- In addition to describing the network topology, nodes and edges can each have their own attributes

Visual Style

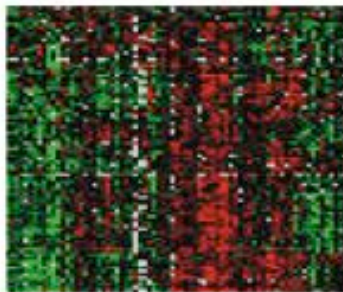
- Customized views of experimental data in a network context
- Network has node and edge attributes
 - E.g. expression data, interaction type, GO function
- Mapped to visual attributes
 - E.g. node/edge size, shape, colour...
- E.g. Visualize gene expression data as node colour gradient on the network

Visual Style

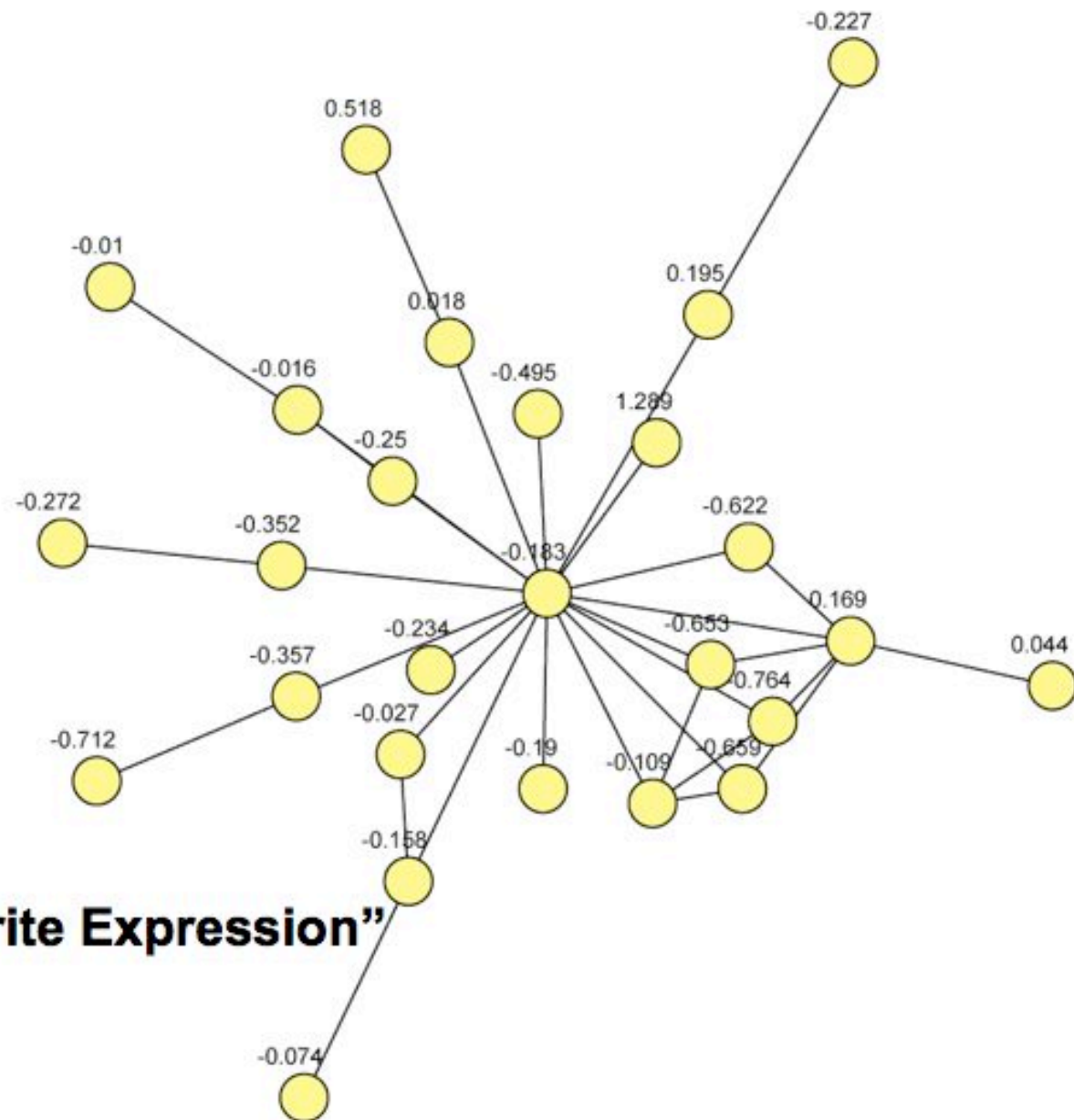


Load “Your Favorite Network”

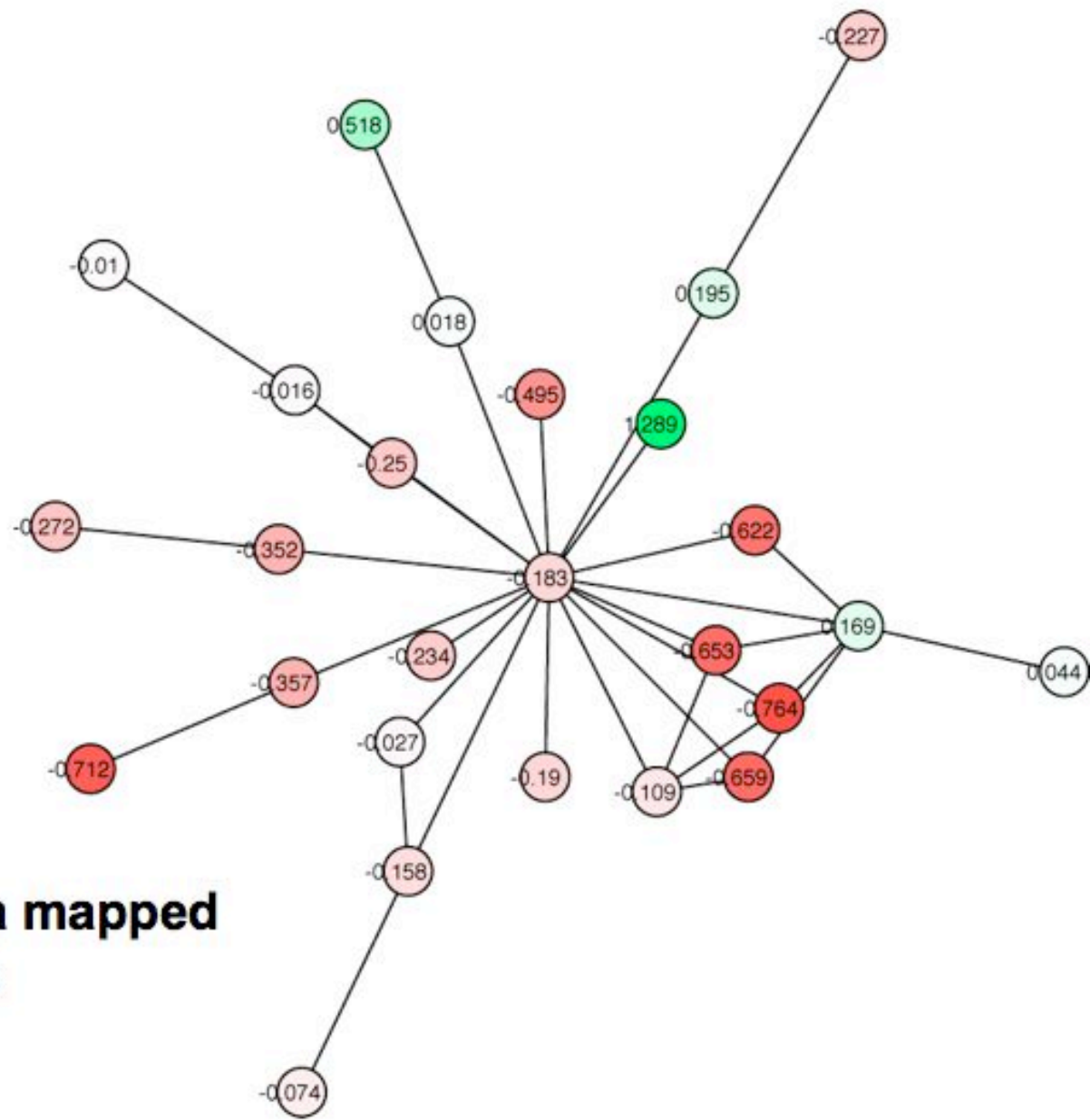
Visual Style



**Load “Your Favorite Expression”
Dataset**



Visual Style



**Expression data mapped
to node colours**

Systems Biology

- Goals:
 - ✓ integrating diverse data types, pathways
 - ✓ cellular simulations
- Community approaches:
 - ✓ pathguide, pathway commons, cytoscape
- Open data exchange key to success

Credits & References

- Dr. Gary Bader, DCCBR, UofT
slides/images used with permission
- Cary MP, Bader GD, Sander C “Pathway Information for Systems Biology”, FEBS Letters (2005)

Bioinformatics Links Directory

Finding online tools & resources for Life
Sciences research



Conducting Research on the Web: 2007 Update for the Bioinformatics Links Directory

Joanne A. Fox, Scott McMillan and B. F. Francis Ouellette*

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ABSTRACT

The Bioinformatics Links Directory, http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/, is an actively maintained compilation of servers published in this and previous issues of *Nucleic Acids Research* issues together with many other useful tools, databases and resources for life sciences research. The 2007 update includes the 130 websites highlighted in the July 2007 Web Server issue of *Nucleic Acids Research* and brings the total number of servers listed in the Bioinformatics Links Directory to just under 1200 links. In addition to the updated content, the 2007 update of the Bioinformatics Links Directory includes new features for improved navigation, accessibility and open data exchange. A complete listing of all links listed in this *Nucleic Acids Research* 2007 Web Server issue can be accessed online at, http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/narweb2007. The 2007 update of the Bioinformatics Links Directory, which includes the Web Server list and summaries is also available online, at the *Nucleic Acids Research* web site, <http://nar.oupjournals.org>.

COMMENTARY

With the publication of the 2007 *Nucleic Acids Research* Web Server issue, we have a chance to reflect on how the web has transformed the way we conduct scientific

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Keeping pace with the data: 2008 update on the Bioinformatics Links Directory

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ABSTRACT

The Bioinformatics Links Directory, http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/, is an online resource for public access to all of the life science research web servers published in this and previous issues of *Nucleic Acids Research*, together with other useful tools, databases and resources for bioinformatics and molecular biology research. Dependent on community input and development, the Bioinformatics Links Directory exemplifies an open access research tool and resource. The 2008 update includes the 94 web servers featured in the July 2008 Web Server issue of *Nucleic Acids Research*, bringing the total number of servers listed in the Bioinformatics Links Directory to over 1200 links. A complete list of all links listed in this *Nucleic Acids Research* 2008 Web Server issue can be accessed online at http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/narweb2008/. The 2008 update of the Bioinformatics Links Directory, which includes the Web Server list and summaries, is also available online at the *Nucleic Acids Research* website, <http://nar.oxfordjournals.org/>.

networks at play in a given disease or biological or ask questions that explore the commonalities between large data sets from different molecules, species or organisms.

Keeping pace with these advances in technology, data output has been the number of specialized servers and bioinformatic resources developed or to meet these new data intensive research needs. In 2004, *Nucleic Acids Research* has peer-reviewed and published in their Web Server issue, a compendium of latest web servers and freely available online bioinformatic resources available to them. This year's Web Server issue introduces an additional 94 bioinformatic molecular biology web servers, 10 of which are new (Table 1). Along with the long-standing Data Bank (1), the special Web Server issues represent an important source of bioinformatic tools and resources for the national life-science research community. The listing of URLs cited in the 2008 Web Server issue can be accessed online at the *Nucleic Acids Research* website, <http://nar.oxfordjournals.org/>, as well as at http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/narweb2008/.

The Bioinformatics Links Directory, http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/, is a public, curated collection

http://bioinformatics.ca/links_directory/

Bioinformatics Links Directory

The Bioinformatics Links Directory features curated links to molecular resources, tools and databases. The links listed in this directory are selected on the basis of recommendations from bioinformatics experts in the field. We also rely on input from our community of bioinformatics users for suggestions. Starting in 2003, we have also started listing all links contained in the NAR Webserver issue.

Computer Related (64)

This category contains links to resources relating to programming languages often used in bioinformatics. Other tools of the trade, such as web development and database resources, are also included here.

Education (75)

Links to information about the techniques, materials, people, places, and events of the greater bioinformatics community. Included are current news headlines, literature sources, educational material and links to bioinformatics courses and workshops.

Human Genome (128)

This section contains links to draft annotations of the human genome in addition to resources for sequence polymorphisms and genomics. Also included are links related to ethical discussions surrounding the study of the human genome.

Model Organisms (204)

Included in this category are links to resources for various model organisms ranging from mammals to

DNA (441)

This category contains links to useful resources for DNA sequence analyses such as tools for comparative sequence analysis and sequence assembly. Links to programs for sequence manipulation, primer design, and sequence retrieval and submission are also listed here.

Expression (272)

Links to tools for predicting the expression, alternative splicing, and regulation of a gene sequence are found here. This section also contains links to databases, methods, and analysis tools for protein expression, SAGE, EST, and microarray data.

Literature (35)

Links to resources related to published literature, including tools to search for articles and through literature abstracts. Additional text mining resources, open access resources, and literature goldmines are also listed.

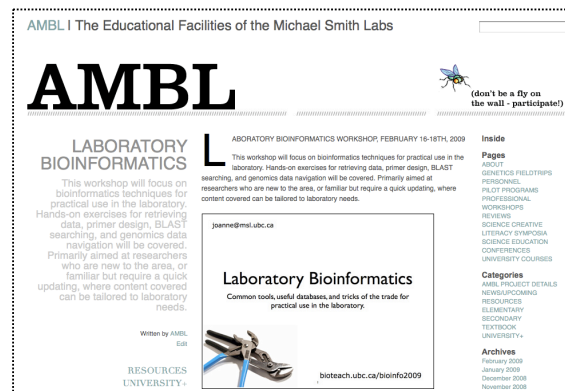
Other Molecules (15)

Bioinformatics tools related to molecules other than DNA, RNA, and protein. This category will include resources

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Thanks for attending the AMBL Laboratory Bioinformatics Workshop

- Questions? Please contact:

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